# **TETRANCA**

H630-PV Series

# SOLAR WATER PUMP DEDICATED INVERTER

**User Manual** 





### **PREFACE**

First of all, thank you for purchasing and using our company's H630-PV series inverter for photovoltaic water pumps!

H630-PV series inverter is a new generation inverter developed by our company for photovoltaic water pump applications, which optimizes the usability and performance of the product.

It has a comprehensive voltage level and power range, which can be applied to single-phase/three-phase 220V and three-phase 380V water pumps; it is easy to use and does not require any parameters to be set. The photovoltaic water pump can be automatically started after power is turned on; a variety of protection measures can effectively extend the product life; the advanced MPPT algorithm ensures that the solar power tracking efficiency can reach 99%; the boost module, 2.2KW and below models can be equipped with a boost module to meet the low voltage working requirements, which can reduce the configuration of solar panels and reduce the user's system cost.

This instruction manual describes how to use this series of frequency inverters correctly. Read this instruction carefully before use (installation, operation, maintenance, inspection, etc.).



## **MATTERS NEED ATTENTION**

To illustrate the detailed part of the product, the legend in this manual sometimes remove the cover or the state of the safety cover.

When using this product, please install the shell or cover and follow the instructions The contents of the book are operated.

The illustrations in this manual are for reference s only and may differ from the product you ordered.

Due to product upgrades or specification changes, and to improve the convenience and accuracy of the instructions Indeed, the contents of this manual will be changed in time without further notice.

If you still have some unknown problems in your use, please work with our customer service heart contact.



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In order to ensure the safety of your person and equipment, please read this chapter carefully before using the frequency inverter.

### 1.1 Safety information



This symbol indicates matters that require attention during operation and whether personal injury or equipment damage may occur if the operation is not performed as required.

This symbol indicates that death, serious injury or serious property damage may occur if the operation is not performed as required.

- (1) It is strictly forbidden to connect the AC power cord to the U, V, and W output terminals of the inverter, otherwise the inverter will be completely damaged.
- (2) Do not short-circuit (-) and (+), otherwise the inverter will be damaged and the power supply will be short-circuited.
- (3) The inverter is prohibited from being installed on flammable materials, otherwise there is a risk of fire.
- (4) Do not install it in an environment containing explosive gas, otherwise there is a risk of explosion.
- (5) After the main circuit is connected, the exposed terminals should be insulated, otherwise there is a risk of electric shock.
- (6) When the power is on, do not operate the inverter with wet hands, otherwise there is a risk of electric shock.
- (7) The grounding terminal of the inverter must be well grounded.
- (8) When the inverter is powered on, do not open the cover or perform wiring operations. Wiring or inspection can only be carried out 10 minutes after the power is turned off.
- (9) Wiring work must be done by qualified professionals. It is strictly forbidden to leave any conductive objects in the machine. Otherwise, there is a risk of electric shock or damage to the inverter.



(10) For inverters that have been stored for more than 2 years, the voltage should be gradually increased using a voltage regulator when powered on. Otherwise, there is a risk of electric shock and explosion.



- (1) It is strictly forbidden to connect the control terminals other than RO1A, RO1B, RO1C, RO2A, and RO2C to AC 220V signals, otherwise there is a risk of property damage.
- (2) If the inverter is damaged or the components are incomplete, please do not install and operate it, otherwise there is a risk of fire or personal injury.
- (3) When installing, it should be installed in a place that can bear the weight of the inverter, otherwise there is a risk of injury or property damage if it falls.



# Chapter 2 H630-PV series product information

### 2.1. Naming rules

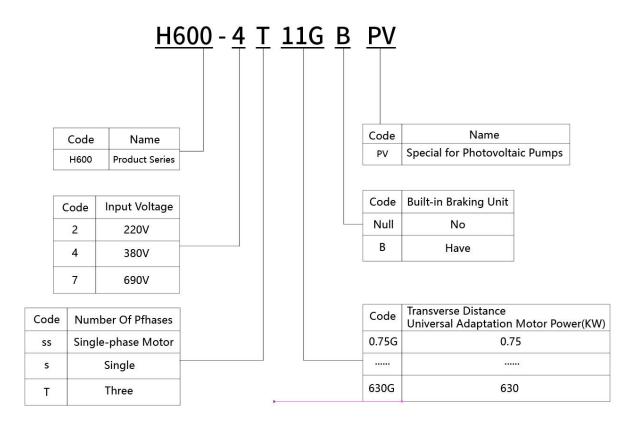


Figure 2-1 for naming rules

#### 2.2 The nameplate

Model: H600-4T11GB-PV

Power: 11KW

Input: AC 3PH 380V 50/60Hz

Output: AC 3PH 0-380V 32A 0-400Hz

Figure 2-2 The nameplate



# 2.3 H630-PV series frequency inverter Table 2-1 H630-PV inverter models and technical data

Type	2SS 2S		2T	4T	
AC input voltage(V)	220 (-15%) ~2	40V (+10%)(1PH)	220 (-15%) ~	380 (-15%) ~	
AC Input voltage(v)	220 (15%) 2	401 (10%)(1111)	240V (+10%) (3PH)	440V (+10%) (3PH )	
Max DC	440	440	440	800	
voltage (V)	440	440	440	800	
starting	200	200 200		300	
voltage(V)	200	200	200	300	
Min running	150	150	150	250	
voltage (V)	150	150	150	230	
Recommended DC	200-400	200-400	200-400		
input voltage	200 400	200 400	200 400	300-750	
range (V)					
Recommended MPP	330	330	330	550	
Voltage (V)				550	

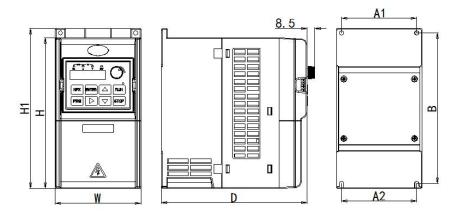
Frequency Inverter model	Max DC input current (A)	Rated input current (A)	rated output current (A)	Rated output power(KW)		
	Single-phase p	power supply 200~2	240V 50 / 60Hz			
H630-2SS0. 4G-PV	9	5. 4	4	0.4		
H630-2SS0. 75G-PV	9	8. 2	7	0.75		
H630-2SS1. 5G-PV	12	14	10.0	1.5		
H630-2SS2. 2G-PV	H630-2SS2. 2G-PV 12		14	2. 2		
H630-2S0. 4G-PV	9	5. 4	2. 3	0.4		
H630-2S0. 75G-PV	9	8. 2	4	0.75		
H630-2S1.5G-PV	12	14	7	1.5		
H630-2S2. 2G-PV	12	23	9.6	2. 2		
Three-phase power supply 200~240V 50 / 6						
H630-2T4.0G-PV	20	17	16	4.0		
H630-2T5. 5G-PV	30	25	20	5. 5		
H630-2T7. 5G-PV	40	33	30	7. 5		



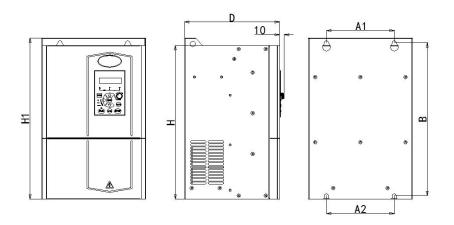
	Three-phase	power supply 380	480V 50 / 60Hz	
H630-4T0. 75G-PV	9	3. 4	2.5	0.75
H630-4T1.5G-PV	9	5	3. 7	1.5
H630-4T2. 2G-PV	12	5.8	5. 1	2. 2
H630-4T4.0G-PV	16. 5	10. 5	9	4.0
H630-4T5.5G-PV	23. 9	14. 6	13	5. 5
H630-4T7.5G-PV	30.6	20. 5	17	7. 5
H630-4T11G-PV	39. 2	26	25	11
H630-4T15G-PV	49	35	32	15
H630-4T18.5G-PV	50	38. 5	37	18. 5
H630-4T22G-PV	60	46. 5	45	22
H630-4T30G-PV	81	62	60	30
H630-4T37G-PV	90	76	75	37
H630-4T45G-PV	130	92	91	45
H630-4T55G-PV	150	113	112	55
H630-4T75G-PV	200	157	150	75
H630-4T90G-PV	250	180	176	90
H630-4T110G-PV	300	214	210	110
H630-4T132G-PV	360	256	253	132
H630-4T160G-PV	430	307	304	160
H630-4T185G-PV	480	346	330	185
H630-4T200G-PV	500	385	377	200
H630-4T220G-PV	525	430	426	220
H630-4T250G-PV	550	468	465	250
H630-4T280G-PV	600	525	520	280
H630-4T315G-PV	690	590	585	315
H630-4T355G-PV	760	665	650	355
H630-4T400G-PV	870	785	725	400
H630-4T450G-PV	970	883	800	450
H630-4T500G-PV	1100	988	930	500



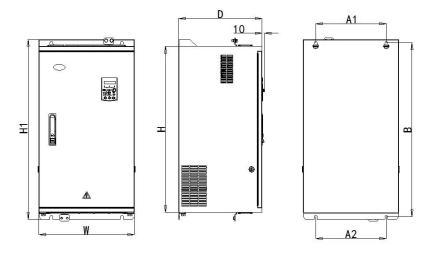
- $2.\,4~\mathrm{H}630\mbox{-PV}$  series inverter appearance and part name of the  $\mathrm{H}630\mbox{-PV}$  series frequency inverter
- 2.4.1 Product appearance diagram



 $0.4 \mathrm{kW} \sim 22 \mathrm{kW}$  Dimensions and installation dimensions

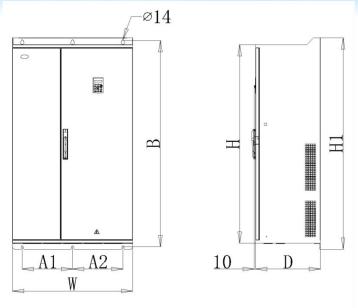


 $30 \text{kW}{\sim}160 \text{kW}$  Dimensions and installation dimensions

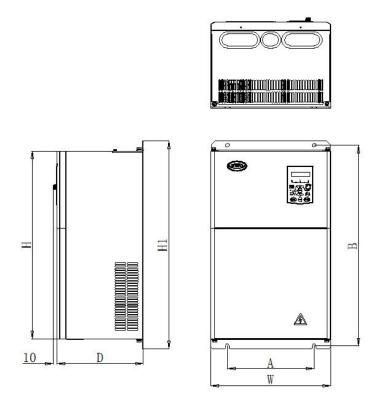


 $185 \text{kW} \sim 400 \text{kW}$  Dimensions and installation dimensions





 $450 \mathrm{kW} \sim 630 \mathrm{kW}$  Dimensions and installation dimensions



 $710 \mathrm{kW} \sim 1250 \mathrm{kW}$  Dimensions and installation dimensions

 $2.\,4.\,2$  Appearance and installation hole size Table 2 2 H630 PV Appearance and installation hole position dimensions



Shell Ozone power		Mounting position		0vera	ll dime	nsion	noie		Gross weight
code	supply model	A1/A2	В	Н	H1	W	D	diameter (mm)	(Kg)
	H630-2SS0. 4G-PV								
	H630-2SS0. 75G-PV	1							
	H630-2SS1.5G-PV								
	H630-2SS2. 2G-PV								
	H630-2S0. 4G-PV								
	H630-2S0. 75G-PV	_ , ,_ ,							
T2	H630-2S1.5G-PV	81/81	162	162	172	92	152	Ø 4.5	1.4
	H630-2S2. 2G-PV								
	H630-4T0. 75G-PV								
	H630-4T1.5G-PV								
	H630-4T2. 2G-PV								
	H630-4T4.0G-PV								
	H630-4T5.5G-PV	,							
Т3	H630-4T7.5G-PV	98/98	208	207	219	109	172. 5	Ø 5.5	2.4
	H630-4T11G-PV								
T4	H630-4T15G-PV	119/119	250	250	261	130	182	Ø 5.5	3.8
	H630-4T18.5GA-PV								
	H630-4T18.5G-PV				293	190	199	Ø 5.5	
T5	H630-4T22G-PV	167/177	282	280					6. 5
	H630-4T30G-PV		410		426	250	210	ø 9	
T6	H630-4T37G-PV	210/200		390					14. 6
	H630-4T45G-PV		473	450	492	300	236	ø 9	
Т7	H630-4T55G-PV	266/266							19. 4
	H630-4T75GA-PV	1							
T8	H630-4T75G-PV	230/230	536	500	555	320	230	ø 10	26. 5
mo	H630-4T90G-PV		5.00		410	0.40	10	40	
Т9	H630-4T110G-PV	320/320	611	568	634	410	240	Ø 12	49
T10	H630-4T132G-PV	310/310	594	545	620	440	310	ø 11	
T11	H630-4T160G-PV	310/310	649	600	675	440	320	Ø 11	
<b>M10</b>	H630-4T185G-PV	010/010	EC.4	700	700	400	0.00	~ 10	00
T12	H630-4T200G-PV	310/310	764	730	790	420	366	Ø 12	80
	H630-4T220G-PV	260/200	705	750	010	400	270	g 10	100
T13	H630-4T250G-PV	360/360	785	750	810	490	370	Ø 12	103
	H630-4T280GA-PV	360/360	1085	1050	1110	490	370	Ø 12	126
	H630-4T280G-PV								
m 1 4	H630-4T315G-PV	F00 /500	1150	1100	1100	050	050	~ 1.4	104
T14	H630-4T355G-PV	520/520	1159	1120	1190	650	370	Ø 14	164
	H630-4T400G-PV								
m.c =	H630-4T450G-PV	005/005	1070	1000	1.0=	000	46.0		
T15	H630-4T500G-PV	335/335	1372	1320	1405	800	430	Ø 14	
	H630-4T560G-PV								
T16	H630-4T630G-PV	400/400	1502	1450	1535	950	450	Ø 14	



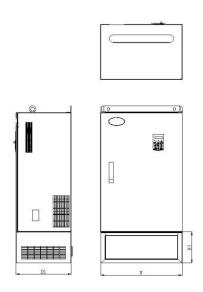


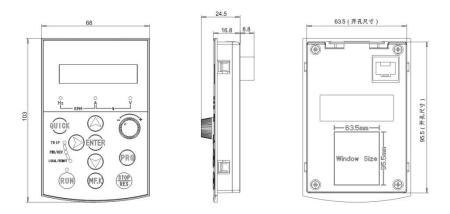
Figure 2-5: Schematic diagram of the base installation

Table 2-3 Base shape and installation hole dimensions

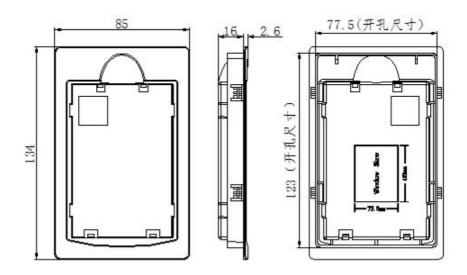
Base code	Corresponding to the frequency inverter power	W (mm )	D (mm )	H1 (mm )	Iconograph
T12_DZ	H630-4T185G-PV H630-4T200G-PV	420	366	300	
T13_DZ	T13_DZ H630-4T220G-PV H630-4T250G-PV		370	300	
	The H630-4T 250G-PV already	has a standa	rd base		
T14_DZ	H630-4T280G-PV H630-4T315G-PV H630-4T355G-PV H630-4T400G-PV	650	370	400	2-5
T15_DZ	H630-4T450G-PV H630-4T500G-PV	800	430	450	
T16_DZ	H630-4T560G-PV H630-4T630G-PV	950	450	450	
T17_DZ	H630-4T710G-PV H630-4T800G-PV	1200	500	500	



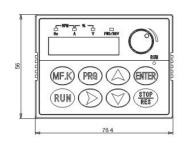
## 2.4.3 External keyboard X3-KB dimensions (opening size 63.5 imes 95.5mm)

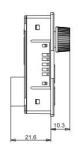


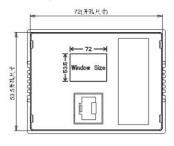
Keyboard carrier X3-KB-T Outline dimensions (hole size  $77.5 \times 23$ mm)



External keyboard X3-KB dimensions (opening size  $72 \times 53.5$ mm)

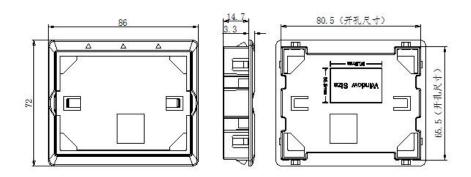








Keyboard carrier X3-KB-T Outline dimensions (opening size  $80.5 \times 65.5 mm$ )





# Chapter 3 Installation and wiring of H630-PV series inverter

- 3.1 Mechanical installation
- 3.1.1 Installation environment:
- 1) Ambient temperature: The ambient temperature has a great impact on the life of the inverter. The operating ambient temperature of the inverter is not allowed to exceed the allowable temperature range ( $-10^{\circ}\text{C} \sim 50^{\circ}\text{C}$ ).
- 2) Install the inverter on the surface of a flame-retardant object, and there must be enough space around it for heat dissipation. The inverter is prone to generate a lot of heat when working. And install it vertically on the mounting bracket with screws.
- 3) Please install it in a place that is not easy to vibrate. The vibration should not exceed 0.6G. Pay special attention to stay away from equipment such as punching machines.
- 4) Avoid installing it in direct sunlight, humid, and water droplets.
- 5) Avoid installing it in places with corrosive, flammable, and explosive gases in the air.
- 6) Avoid installing it in places with oil, dust, and metal dust.

H630-PV series frequency inverter heat distribution from bottom to top during heat dissipation, multiple frequency inverters work, usually installed side by side. In the installation of the upper and lower row, because the heat of the lower row frequency inverter will cause the temperature of the upper row equipment to rise and lead to failure, countermeasures such as installing the heat insulation guide plate should be taken. When it is greater than 22kW, A should be greater than 50mm.



Power level	Installation size				
rower level	В	A			
≤15kW	≥100mm	You can make no request			
18.5kW—30kW	≥200mm	≥50mm			
≥37kW	≥300mm	≥50mm			



Figure 3-1 Installation diagram of heat insulation guide plate



- 3.2 Frequency inverter wiring
- 3.2.1. typical wiring diagram

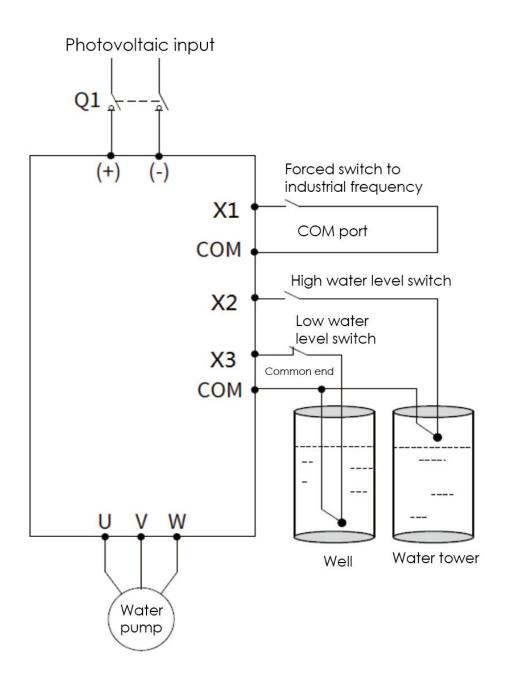


Figure 3-2 Typical wiring diagram of frequency inverter  $\,$ 



	The DC circuit breaker Q1 must be installed as a protective switch for the PV				
	DC input				
	When the modules are connected in parallel, a special photovoltaic junction box				
	should be selected				
NT-45	When the example of photovoltaic cell module and frequency inverter exceeds 10				
Notice:	meters, the DC input end should be equipped with Type II type Lightning				
	protection device.				
	When the water pump is more than 50 meters away from the frequency inverter,				
	it is recommended to select the output reactor.				
	The frequency inverter runs automatically by default. If you need to set the				
	parameters, please strictly follow the debugging instructions.				

### 3.2.2 Main circuit terminals and wiring

1) Description of the main circuit terminal of the single-phase frequency inverter:

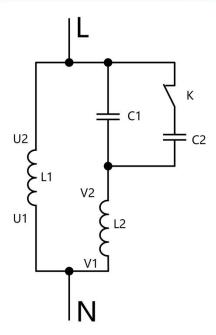
Terminal mark	Name	Explain
L, N, or R, S	Single-phase power supply input terminal	Single-phase 220V AC power
L, N, OI K, S	Single phase power supply input terminal	supply connection point
(+) , ( -)	Positive and negative terminals of the DC bus	Common-DC bus input point
(+) , (-)	line	
PB 、 (+)	Energy consumption brake terminal	Connect the brake resistance
U,V,W	Inverter output terminal	Connect to the three-phase
UVVV	Thiverter output terminar	motor
	Earth terminal	Frequency inverter safety
	Earth terminar	grounding

Description of the 2SS single-phase output model:

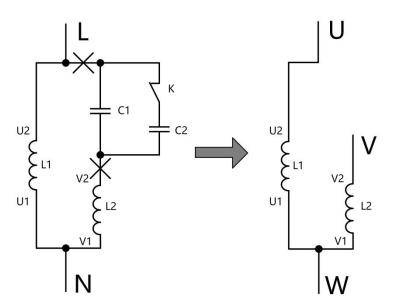
A. In general, the output U and W of the frequency inverter are connected to the phase line of the single-phase electric machine;

B. If the single-phase water pump cannot start, use the two-phase control mode to remove the starting capacitor and running capacitor (If there is a running capacitor), the internal wiring diagram of the ordinary single-phase generator is as follows. L1 is the running winding, L2 is the starting winding, C1 is the running capacitor, and C2 is the starting capacitor. When the speed of the motor exceeds 75% of the rated speed, the starting capacitor is disconnected through the centrifugal switch.





After removing the starting capacitor and running capacitor, the internal wiring diagram of the single-phase motor winding as follows



U1 and V1 are the common ends of the windings, connected to the W phase output of the photovoltaic water pump inverter, the U2 end of the running winding is connected to the U phase output of the photovoltaic water pump inverter, and the V2 end of the starting winding is connected to the V phase output of the photovoltaic water pump inverter (Note: Use the screws provided with the inverter); at the same time, short-circuit X4 and COM of the inverter.



2) Description of the main circuit terminal of the three-phase frequency inverter:

Terminal mark	Name	Explain		
R, S, T	Three-phase newer supply input terminal	AC input three-phase power		
N, 5, 1	Three-phase power supply input terminal	connection point		
	Positive and negative terminals of the DC	Common DC bus terminal,		
(+), (-)	bus line	connection point of external		
	bus Tille	brake unit above 18.5KW		
PB、(+)	Energy consumption brake terminal	Connect the brake resistance		
P、(+)	External reactor connection terminal	External electric reactor		
Γ, (+)		connection point		
U, V, W	Inverter output terminal	Connect to the three-phase motor		
	Earth terminal	Frequency inverter safety		
=		grounding		

### 3.2.3 Control terminals and wiring:

1) The control circuit terminal layout is shown below:

485+	422RX+	422RX-	сом	X1	X2	Х3	
485-	422TX	+422TX	-COM	1 PLC	24V	/ X4	RO14R01BR01C

220V / 2.2KW, and below power and 380V / 4.0KW and below power

4	185+	10V	AI3	X1	X2	Х3	X4	СОМ	RO1A	R01B	RO1C
	485-	AI2	GND	A O 1	A02	HDI	24V	PLC	Y1	RO2	RO2C

 $220\mbox{V}$  /  $4.0\mbox{KW}$  and above and  $380\mbox{V}$  /  $5.5\mbox{KW}$  and above, power section

#### 2) Function description of the control terminal:

Table 3-1 Function description of the control terminal of the  ${\rm H630-PV}$  frequency inverter

Class	Terminal symbol	Terminal name	Function declaration
Source	10V-GND	External connection with	Provide + 10V power supply, maximum output current: 10 mA, Generally used as the working power supply of external potentiometer, the resistance range of potentiometer: 1k $\Omega$ $^{\circ}$ 5k $\Omega$
	24V-COM	External connection with a + 24V power supply	Provide + 24V power supply, generally used as the digital input and output terminal working power supply and the external sensor power supply maximum output current: 200 mA.





	PLC	External power supply input terminal	Factory default connection with + 24V: when using external signals to drive X 1~X 5, the PLC shall be connected to the external power supply and disconnected from the + 24V power supply terminal.
Source	AI2-GND	Analog quantity input terminal 2	<ol> <li>Input range: DC OV ~10V / O (4) mA ~ 20mA, determined by the J2 jumper on the control board. J2 jumps to the upper end is the current, and jumps to the bottom is the voltage.</li> <li>Input impedance: 20k Ω at voltage input and 250 Ω at current input.</li> </ol>
	AI3-GND	Analog quantity input terminal 3	1. Input range: DC-10V~10V 2. Input impedance: 20k Ω
	X1-COM	Number input to 1	1. Light lotus root isolation, compatible with bipolar
	X2-COM	Number input to 2	input, and support NPN and PNP connection method
	X3-COM	Number input to 3	2. Input impedance: 3.3k $\Omega$
Digital Input	X4-COM	Number input to 4	3. the level input voltage range: 9V ~30V 4. Maximum input frequency: 1 kHz 5. All the terminals are programmable digital input terminals, and the user can set the terminal function through the function code X1: Forced switching to the power frequency (closed means switching to the power frequency, open means the input mode is controlled by the keyboard) X2: Water level switch with normally open contact by default (high water level switch with normally closed contact by default (low water level switch) X3: Water level switch with normally closed contact by default (low water level switch) X4: High level corresponds to single-phase algorithm, low level corresponds to two-phase algorithm
	HDI-COM	High-speed pulse input	In addition to the characteristics of X1 <sup>x</sup> X4, it can also be used as a high-speed pulse input channel. Maximum input frequency: 50 kHz
Analog	AO1-GND	Analog output of 1	The voltage or current output is determined by the J3 jumper selection on the control board. The J3 jumps to the upper end is the current, and the jump to the lower end is the voltage. Output voltage range: OV ~10V Output current range: O (4) mA ~ 20 mA
Analog output	AO2-GND	Analog output of 2	The voltage or current output is determined by the J4 jumper selection on the control board. The J4 jumps to the upper end is the current, and the jump to the lower end is the voltage.  Output voltage range: OV ~10V  Output current range: O (4) mA ~ 20 mA



Class	Terminal symbol	Terminal name	Function declaration
Digital Output	Y1-COM	Digital output of 1	Optical lotus root isolation, bipolar open circuit collector output Output voltage range: OV ~24V Output current range: OmA ~ 50 mA
	485+	485 Differential signal plus end	Standard RS-485 interface, please use twisted pair or shielding wire, J5 is the terminal resistance matching
	485-	485 differential signal minus end	jumper, the factory value jumper cap jump to the bottom for OFF state.
Communicat	422TX+	422 Send differential signal positive	
ion	422TX-	422 Send a negative differential signal	Special communication terminal of the booster module
	422RX+	422 Received differential signal is positive	Special communication terminal of the booster module
	422RX+	422 Receive differential signal negative	
Relay	RO1A-RO1B	Often closed terminal	Contact point drive skilitur 2A / AC 250V
	RO1A-RO1C	Often start	Contact point drive ability: 3A / AC 250V
output	RO2A-RO2C	Often start	0039-0.4, 1A / D030V
Auxiliary interface	CN4	Local keyboard interface	The native keyboard can also be used as a copy keyboard without parameters
	Ј2	A12 current and voltage selection	
Win	Ј3	A01 current and voltage selection	Jump to the upper end is the current, the factory value is jump to the lower end is the voltage
Wire jumper	Ј4	A02 current and voltage selection	
	Ј5	485 Communication terminal resistance selection	Jump to the bottom end is OFF, and jump to the top end is ON (connecting terminal matching resistor 120 $\Omega$ )



# Chapter 4 Operation and Display

4.1 Introduction of the operation and display interface

With the operating panel, we can modify the functional parameters, monitor the working status of the frequency inverter and run the frequency inverter Control (start, stop) and other operations, its shape and functional areas are shown in the figure below:

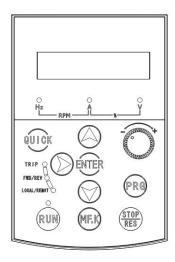


Figure 4-1 Layout diagram of the operation keyboard

1) Function indicator light instructions:

RUN/TUNE: When the lamp is out, the inverter is shut down, when the lamp is on, the inverter is in operation, and the flashing lamp means that the inverter is in the self-learning state of motor parameters.

LOCAL/REMOT: keyboard operation, terminal operation and remote operation (communication control) indicator, the light out indicates the keyboard operation control state, the light flashing indicates the terminal operation control state, and the light on indicates the remote operation control state.

FWD/REV: Positive and reverse indicator, the light is in positive state and the light is in reverse state.

TRIP: fault indicator lamp, when the inverter is in fault state, the lamp is on; under normal state Out; when the inverter is forecast, the lamp flashes.



2) Unit indicator light:

Hz: frequency unit A: Current Unit V: voltage unit

RPM (Hz + A): rotational speed unit % (A + V): percentage

3) Digital display area:

5-bit LED display, can display the set frequency, output frequency, various monitoring data and alarm code, etc.

4) Keyboard button description table

Table 4-1 Keyboard functions table

Key	Name	Function declaration		
PRG	Programming / exit keys	Primary menu enter or exit, shortcut parameter		
The	exit keys	delete		
		Under the shutdown display interface and running display		
	Chiff / manifest lass	interface, select display parameter; when modifying the		
	Shift / monitor key	parameter, the modification bit of the parameter can be		
		selected		
FNITER	D	Enter the menu screen step by step and confirm the setting		
ENTER	Determine the key	parameters		
	Multi-function selection	For the detailed operation method, see H 07.02 (MF. K-key		
MF.K	key	function selection) description		
		In the operation keyboard mode, press the key to turn the		
RUN	Running key	inverter forward operation		
		In running state, press this key can be used to stop running		
	C+ / D + +1 1	operation; in fault alarm state, used to reset operation, the		
RES	Stop / Reset the key	characteristics of this key is restricted by function code H		
		07.04 (STOP / RST key function).		
	110 : 1.1	Increment of data or function code (increase speed on		
<b>~</b>	UP increased key	continuous press)		
	DOWN Degradation key	Decline of data or function code (increase rate on continuous		
V		press)		
QUICK	continue to have			



#### 4.2 Self-learning of motor parameters

Before selecting the vector control operation mode, the nameplate parameters of the motor. H630-PV inverter matches the standard motor parameters; the vector control mode is very dependent on the motor parameters. In order to obtain good control performance, the accurate parameters of the controlled motor must be obtained. The self-learning step of the motor parameters is as follows:

First select the command source (HOO.01) as the operation panel command channel.

Then please enter the following parameters by the actual parameters of the motor:

HO2.01: Rated power of motor

HO2.02: rated frequency of motor

HO2.03: rated speed of motor

HO2.04: rated voltage of the motor

HO2.05: rated current of the motor

If the motor is completely detached of the load, HOO. 15 select 1(rotate complete self-learning), then press RUN on the keyboard panel and the frequency inverter will automatically calculate the following parameters of the motor:

HO2.06: Stator resistance HO2.07: Rotor resistance

HO2.08: Leakage resistance HO2.09: Mutual inductive resistance

HO2.10: No-load exciting magnetic current

No-load current:  $I_{\circ} = I \cdot \sqrt{1 - \eta^2}$ 

Mutual inductance  $L_m = \frac{U}{2\sqrt{3} f \cdot I_o} - L\alpha$  calculation:

I is no-load current,

 $L_{m}$  is mutual inductance leakage inductance

If the motor cannot be completely disconnected from the load, HOO. 15 select 2(Still and complete self-learning), then press the RUN key on the keyboard panel. The frequency inverter successively measures the five parameters of stator resistance,



leakage resistance, mutual inductive resistance and no-load

magnetic current.

If the motor cannot be completely disconnected from the load, H00.15 select 3 (still part self-learn) and press RUN on the keyboard panel. The frequency inverter measures the three parameters of stator resistance, rotor resistance and leakage resistance in turn, and does not measure the mutual inductive resistance and no-load current of the motor, and the user can calculate these two parameters according to the motor nameplate. The parameters of the motor nameplate used in the calculation include: rated voltage U, rated current I, rated frequency ? and power factor  $\eta$ :

The calculation method of the no-load current of the motor and the calculation method of the motor mutual feeling are described below, wherein L $\sigma$  is the motor leakage inductive reactance.



# Chapter 5 Functional parameter table

H07.00 is set to a non-0 value, namely, the parameter protection password is set in the functional parameter mode and in which the user changes the parameter mode below, the parameter menu must be entered after entering the password correctly. Cancel the password and set H07.00 to "0".

"Parameter decimal" is decimal(DEC). If the parameter is represented in hexadecimal, the data of each bit is independent of each other, and the value range of some bits can make hexadecimal (0°F).

The symbols in the function table are described as follows:

- " $\downarrow$ ": It means that the set value of the parameter can be changed when the inverter is down and running;
- " $\star$ ": Indicates that the setting value of this parameter cannot be changed when the inverter is in operation.
- "●": indicates that the value of the parameter is the actual recorded value and can not be changed;
- "\*": It indicates that the parameter is "manufacturer parameter", which is only set by the manufacturer and is forbidden to operate;



## 5.1 Basic function parameter table

Table 5-1 Basic function parameter table

Code	Name	Description	Factory value	Change
		H00 Basic function group	varue	
H00.00	Speed-control mode	O: No PG vector control mode O does not need to install the encoder, suitable for requiring large low frequency torque, high speed control precision requirements, can achieve high precision speed and torque control. This mode is more suitable for small and medium power situations than PG vector control mode 1.  1: No PG vector control mode 1 does not need to install the encoder, suitable for high speed control precision requirements, can be used for all power segments, can achieve high precision speed and torque control.  2: VF control mode is suitable for the control accuracy requirements are not high occasions, such as fan, pump and other loads. It can be used for one frequency inverter to drag multiple motors.  Note: When using the vector mode, you should learn the motor	2	*
Н00. 01	Command source selection	parameters from the inverter first.  Select the channel of the frequency inverter control command. The frequency inverter control commands include: start, stop, forward, reverse, jog, fault reset, etc.  O: Keypad running command channel (the LOCAL/REMOT light is off) The running command is controlled by the RUN, STOP/RST keys on the keyboard. Multi-function key MF. When K is set to FWD/REV switching function (HO7.02=3), you can change the running direction through this key: in the running state, if the RUN and STOP/RST keys are pressed at the same time, the frequency inverter can be shut down freely.  1: Terminal running command channel ("LOCAL/REMOT" lamp flashes) Operation command is controlled by multifunctional input terminals, reverse, forward point movement and reverse point movement.  2: Communication operation instruction channel ("LOCAL/REMOT" light is lit) The running command is controlled by the upper computer through the communication mode.  Used to set the Max output frequency of the frequency inverter.	1	☆
Н00. 03	Maximum output frequency	Used to set the Max output frequency of the frequency inverter. It is the basis of frequency setting, but also the basis of acceleration and deceleration speed, please pay attention to users.  Setting range: HOO. 04~400.00Hz	50.00Hz	*



Code	Name	Parameter details	Factory value	Change
H00.04	Running frequency upper limit	The upper limit of the operating frequency is the upper limit of the output frequency of the inverter. This value should be less than or equal to the maximum output frequency. The above limit frequency runs when the set frequency is above the upper limit frequency.  Setting range: HOO. 05~HOO. 03 (Max output frequency)	50. 00Hz	*
H00.05	Running frequency lower limit	The lower limit of the operating frequenc is the lower limit of the output frequency of the frequency inverter. Run at the lower limit frequency when the set frequency is below the lower limit frequency.  Note: maximum output frequency upper frequency lower frequency.  Setting range: 0.00Hz~HOO.04 (upper limit of operating frequency)	0.00Hz	*
Н00.06	A The frequency instruction selection	0: The keyboard number setting 1: Analog AI1 setting (keyboard panel potentiometer) 2~7: Keep 8: Modbus Communication settings Set the range: 0~8	0	☆
Н00.10	The keyboard sets the frequency	0.00Hz~P00.03 (Maximum frequency)	50.00Hz	☆
Н00.11	Acceleration time	Acceleration time is the time required for the frequency inverter to accelerate from OHz to the maximum output		☆
H00. 12	Reduced-down time	frequency (H00.03).  The deceleration time refers to the time required for the inverter to slow down from the maximum output frequency (H00.03) to OHz.  There are four sets of acceleration and deceleration times defined, which can be selected through the multi-function digital input terminal (H05 group). The acceleration and deceleration time of frequency inverter is the first set of acceleration and deceleration time.  The setting range of H00.11 and H00.12: 0.0~3600.0s		☆



Code	Name	Description	Factory value	Change
H00. 13	Run the direction selection	O: default direction: frequency inverter is running, FWD/EV indicator off.  1: Run in the opposite direction: inverter reverse operation, FWD/EV FWD/REV indicator is on. The steering of the motor can be changed by changing this function code, which is equivalent to realizing the conversion of the motor rotation direction by adjusting any two lines of the motor line (U, V, W). When the running channel is set to the keyboard control, through the MF on the keyboard. K key to change the steering of the motor, see parameter H07.02.  Tip:  After the function parameter recovers the default value, the motor running direction will return to the default value state. It is strictly prohibited to change the motor steering after the system debugging.  Pump use occasions prohibit the reverse operation, do not allow to adjust the function code.  2: No reverse operation, which is suitable for application in specific situations of reverse	0	*
Н00.14	Carrier frequency setting	1. 0∼15. 0kHz		☆
H00. 15	Motor parameters by self-learning	0: No operation 1: Complete rotation self-learning; comprehensive self-learning of motor parameters, and rotational self-learning is recommended for situations requiring high control accuracy. 2: Still self-learning1(static complete self-learning): suitable for the motor can not remove the load, the motor parameters for self-learning 3: Still self-learning2 (still part self-learning, no load current and mutual sensing); suitable for self-learning of motor parameters when the motor can not remove the load. However, only some motor parameters can be obtained.	0	*
H00. 18	Functional parameter recovery	0: No operation 1: To restore the default value 2: Clear the fault file pay attention to: After the selected function operation completes, the function code automatically returns to 0. Restoring the default value can clear the user password, please use this feature carefully.	0	*



Code	Name	Description	Factory default	Change
		HO1 group Startup and shutdown control group		
		O: deceleration stop: after the stop command is valid, the frequency inverter		
	Stop mode	reduces the output frequency according to the deceleration mode and the defined		
Н01.08	selection	deceleration time, and stops after the frequency is reduced to OHz.	0	☆
		1: Free parking: After the stop command is valid, the inverter		
		immediately stops the output. The load stops freely according to the mechanical inertia.		
		When the operation command channel is controlled by the		
		terminal, the system will automatically detect the status of		
		the running terminal during the power process of the frequency		
		inverter.		
		0: The terminal run command is invalid when powered up. Even		
		in the process of power-up, it is detected that the running		
		command terminal is effective, the inverter will not run, and		
	The upper terminal	the system is in the operational protection state until the		
Н01.18	runs Protect the	running command terminal is canceled, and then the terminal	1	☆
	choice	is enabled.		
		1: The terminal running command is valid when powered up. That		
		is, during the process of charging the frequency inverter, if		
		the operation command terminal is detected, the system will		
		automatically start the frequency inverter after the		
		initialization is completed.		
		Note: users must carefully select this function, otherwise		
		serious consequences may occur.		
		This function realizes the frequency inverter after the power		
		drop, and then on the power on, whether the frequency inverter		
	Power outage restart	automatically began to run.		
H01.21	Power outage restart option		1	☆
		1: Allow restart: when the power is on after power failure,		
		if the starting conditions are met, the inverter will operate		
		automatically after waiting for the time defined by HO1.22.		



Code	Name	Description	Factory default	Change
		HO2 group motor 1 parameter group	deraurt	
Н02.01	Rated power of asynchronous motor	0. 1∼3000. 0kW	Model confirmat ion	*
Н02.02	Rated frequency of asynchronous motor	0.01Hz~H00.03(maximum output frequency)	Model confirmat ion	*
Н02.03	Rated speed of asynchronous motor	$1{\sim}36000{ m rpm}$	Model confirmat ion	*
Н02.04	Rated voltage of asynchronous motor	0~1200V	Model confirmat ion	*
Н02.05	Rated current of asynchronous motor	0.8~6000.0A	Model confirmat ion	*
Н02.06	Stator resistance of asynchronous motor 1	$0.001\!\sim\!65.535\Omega$	Model confirmat ion	☆
Н02.07	Rotor resistance of asynchronous motor	$0.001{\sim}65.535\Omega$	Model confirmat ion	☆
Н02.08	Asynchronous motor 1 leakage feeling	$0.1{\sim}6553.5 ext{mH}$	Model confirmat ion	☆
Н02.09	Asynchronous motor 1 mutual sense	0.1∼6553.5mH	Model confirmat ion	☆
Н02.10	Asynchronous motor 1 no-load current	0. 1∼6553. 5A	Model confirmat ion	☆
H02. 27	Motor overload protection factor	Motor overload multiple M = Iout / (In * K), In, is the rated current of the motor, Iout is the output current of the frequency inverter, and K is the motor overload protection coefficient. The smaller the K, the larger the M value, the easier the protection. When M =116%, motor overload 1 hour protection; when M=150%, motor overload 12 minutes protection; when M=180%, motor overload 5 minutes protection; when M =200%, motor overload 60 seconds protection, M 400% immediate protection. Set the range: 20.0%~120.0%		





Code	Name	Description	Factory default	Change
H04.00	Motor: 1 V /F curve setting	The H O4 group was the VF control group  This set of function codes defines the V / F curve of the motor 1 to meet different load characteristic requirements.  O: Line V / F curve; suitable for constant torque load  1: Multipoint V / F curve  2:1.3 power drop torque V / F curve  3:1.7 power drop torque V / F curve  4:2.0, power reduced torque V / F curve  Curve 2~4 is suitable for the variable torque load of the fan and water pump, and users can adjust it according to the load characteristics to achieve the best energy saving effect.  5: Custom V / F (V / F separation); in this mode, V separates from F, adjust F through frequency given channel set by	default 4	*
		HOO.06, or V by voltage given channel set by H 04.27.		

H04.01	Motor 1 Recurrent ascension	In order to compensate the low frequency torque characteristics, the output voltage can be improved. H 04.01 is relative to the maximum output voltage02 H 04 defines the percentage of the cut-off frequency of the manual torque lift relative to the rated frequency of the	0.0%	☆
Н04. 02	Motor 1 torque lift cut-off	motor. The torque lift can improve the low-frequency torque characteristics of the spatial voltage vector.  The torque increase should be appropriately selected according to the size of the load. The load can be increased and increased, but the lifting value should not be set too large. When the torque increase is too large, the motor will run the excitation, the output current of the frequency inverter will increase, the heat of the motor will increase, and the efficiency will be reduced.  When the torque lift is set to 0.0%, the frequency inverter is the automatic torque lift. Torque lift cut-off: below this frequency point, torque lift is effective, beyond this set frequency, torque lift fails01 Setting range of H 04:0.0%: (automatic) 0.1% ~ 10.0%  Setting range of H04.02:0.0% ~ 50.0%	20.0%	☆
Н04.03	Motor: 1 V /F Frequency point 1	When H 04.00=1 (multipoint V / F curve), users can set the V / F curve through H 04.03~H 04.08.	0.00Hz	☆
H04. 04	Motor: 1 V /F Voltage point 1	The V/F curve is usually set according to the load characteristics of the motor. Note: V 1 $\leq$ V 2 $\leq$ V 3, f 1 $\leq$ f 2 $\leq$ f 3. The low frequency voltage	0.0%	☆
Н04. 05	Motor: 1 V /F Frequency point 2	set too high may cause the motor to overheating or even burn, and the frequency inverter may exceed the loss speed or over	0.00Hz	☆
Н04.06	Motor: 1 V /F Voltage point 2	current protection.  H04.03 Setting range of :0.00Hz ~H 04.05	0.0%	☆
Н04.07	Motor: 1 V /F Frequency point 3	H04.04 Setting range of :0.0%~110.0% (rated voltage of motor 1)	0.00Hz	☆
Н04.08	Motor: 1 V /F Voltage point 3	H04.05 Setting range of: H 04.03~H 04.07 H04.06 Setting range of: 0.0%~110.0% (rated voltage of motor) H04.07 Setting range of: H 04.05~H 02.02 (rated frequency of motor 1) H04.08 Setting range of: 0.0%~110.0% (rated voltage of motor)	0.0%	☆



Code	Name	Description	Factory default	Change
H04.09	Motor 1 V/F slip compensation gain	Used to compensate for the motor speed change caused by the load change during the space voltage vector control, so as to improve the hardness of the mechanical characteristics of the motor. The rated differential frequency of the motor shall be calculated. $\Delta f = fb - n \times p / 60$ Where: fb is the rated frequency of the motor, the corresponding function code H02.02; n is the rated speed of the motor, the corresponding function code H 02.03; p is the pole logarithm of the motor. 100.0% corresponds to the rated differential frequency $\Delta f$ of the motor. Setting range:0 0~200.0%	100.0%	¥
Н04. 10	Motor 1 low frequency suppresses the oscillation factor	In the space voltage vector control mode, the motor, especially the high power motor, is easy to appear current shock at some frequencies, and the light motor can not run	10	
H04.11	Motor 1 high frequency suppresses the oscillation factor	stably, and the heavy one will lead to the overcurrent of the frequency inverter. This parameter can be adjusted appropriately to eliminate this phenomenon.  HO4.10 Setting range: 0~100  HO4.11 Setting range: 0~100	10	
H04. 12	Motor 1 oscillation suppression cutoff point	HO4.12 Setting range: 0.00Hz-H 00.03(maximum output frequency)	30.00	
Н04.34	Two-phase control selection of single-phase generator	Units: Reserved Tens: Secondary winding (V phase) voltage inversion 0: No inversion 1: Inversion Setting range: 0~0x11	0x00	*
Н04.35	Voltage ratio of secondary winding (V phase) to main winding (U phase)	0.00~2.00	1.40	☆



Code	Name	Description	Factory default	Change
		C5 group Input terminal group		
Н05.00	HDI input type selection	0: The HDI is a high-speed pulse input: refer to H 05.49 to H 05.54. 1: The HDI is the switch quantity input	1	*
H05.01	X1 terminal function selection	0: No function 1: Forward Run (FWD) 2: Reverse Run (REV) 3: Three-line Operation Control (Xin in) 4: Is moving 5: Reverse move	42	*
Н05.02	X2 terminal function selection	6: Free parking 7: Fault reset 8: Run pause 9: External fault input 10: Increasing frequency setting (UP) 11: decreasing frequency setting (DOWN)	43	*
Н05. 03	X3 terminal function selection	12: Frequincrease setting setting setting 13: Switch between A settings and B settings 14: Combine the setting and A setting 15: Combine the setting and B setting 16: Multiple speed terminal 1 17: Multiple segment speed terminal 2	44	*
H05. 04	X4 terminal function selection	18: Multiple segment speed terminal 3 19: Multiple segment speed terminal 4 20: Multiple segment speed pause 21: Select the terminal 1 for the acceleration and deceleration time 22: Select the terminal 2 for the acceleration and deceleration time 23: Simple PLC, shutdown and reset	45	*
H05. 05	X5 terminal function selection	24: Simple PLC pause 25: The PID control is paused 26: Suspension pause (stop at current frequency) 27: pendulum frequency reset (back to center frequency) 28: Counter is reset 29: Torque control is prohibited	1	*
Н05. 09	The HDI terminal function selection	30: acceleration and deceleration 31: Counter triggers 33: Frequency increase and decrease setting temporarily clear 34: DC brake 36: Command to switch to the keyboard 37: Command to switch to the terminal 38: The command switches to the communication 39: Pre-excitation command 40: Clear the power consumption to zero 41: Maintain the power consumption 42: forced switch to power frequency (closed means switch to power frequency, broken 0n means that the input mode iscontrolled by the keyboard) 43: Full of water signal 44: Empty water signal 45: Two-phase control mode of the singlephase electric generator 46: No boost module PV switch input (automatic switch) When the terminal is selected as the function of acceleration and deceleration time, it is necessary to select 4 sets of acceleration and deceleration times through the state combination of the two terminals (terminal 121 and terminal 22):  Terminal Termin acceleration and decele ration time  Selection of the acceleration and decele ration time parameters	46	*
		OFF OFF Add deceleration Time 1 H00.11 H00.12  OFF ON Add deceleration Time 2 H08.00 H08.01  ON OFF Add deceleration Time 3 H08.02 H08.03		
Н05. 10	Input terminal polarity selection	This function code is used to set the input terminal polarity.  when the bit is set to 0. The input terminal positive polarity  when the bit is set to 1. The input terminal negative polarity  BIT BIT BIT BIT BIT BIT  8 3 2 1 0  HDI X4 X3 X2 X1  Set the range: 0x000~0x1FF	0x000	☆



Code	Name	Description	Factory default	Change
		CO6 group Output terminal group		
H06.03	Relay, RO 1 Output selection	0: invalid 1: In operation 2: Turn forward is in operation 3: Inversion is in operation 4: Click and move in operation	30	☆
H06. 04	VRelay RO2 output selection	5: The frequency inverter fails 6: Frequency level detection of FDT 1 7: Frequency level detection of FDT 2 8: Frequency reaches 9: During zero-speed operation (output in running state) 10: Upper limit frequency reaches 11: Lower limit frequency reaches 12: Ready to run 13: Pre-excitation in the field 14: Overload early warning 15: Overload early warning 16: Simple PLC stage is completed 17: Simple PLC cycle is completed 18: Set the value arrives 19: Specify the note number to arrive 20: External failure is valid 22: Run time arrives 23: MODBUS Communication virtual terminal output 27: Light weak 30: Switch to photovoltaic	5	☆
Н06. 05	Output terminal polarity selection	This function code is used to set the output terminal polarity.  when the bit is set to 0 , the input terminal positive polarity  when the bit is set to 1, the input terminal negative polarity  BIT1 BIT0  RO2 RO1  Setting range: 0 to F	0	☆
H06. 10		The function code defines the delay time corresponding to the level	10.00s	☆
Н06. 11	disconnect i on delay time	change lock of the programmable output terminal from on and off	10.00s	☆
Н06. 12	Relay RO2 opening delay time	Y 有效 <u> </u>	0.00s	☆
Н06. 13	Relay RO2 disconnect i on delay time	Setting range: 0.00~50.00s Note: H 06.08 and H 06.09 are valid only at H06.00=1	0.00s	☆



Code	Name	Description	Factory default	Change
		H07 group HMI group	4014410	
Н07.00	User password	O~65535  Set any non-zero number, and the password protection function takes effect. 00000: Clear the previously set user password values and make invalid the password protection function.  When the user password is set and takes effect, if the user password is not correct, the user cannot enter the parameter menu. Only by entering the correct user password, the user can view the parameters and modify the parameters.  Remember the user password you set up. Exit the function code editing state, and the password protection will work in one minute. When the password presses PRG to enter the function code editing state, "0.0.0.0.0" will be displayed, and the operator must correctly enter the user password, otherwise it cannot enter.  Note: Restoring the default value can clear the user password, so please use it carefully.	0	\$
Н07. 02	MF.K-key function selection	0: No function 1: Point operation. press MF. The K key realizes the dot moving run. 2: The shift key switches the display status. press MF. K key to the to switch the displayed function code. 3: Forward turn reversal switch. press MF. The K key realizes the ection of the switching frequency instruction. Only valid in the keyboard command channel. 4: Clear the UP / DOWN setting. press MF. K key against UP The / DOWN ings are cleared. 5: Free parking. press MF. K key to achieve free shutdown. 6: Implement the given mode of running command switching in er. press MF. K key switches the given mode in order. 7: Quick debugging mode (debugging according to the non-factory meters). Note: By the MF. When the K key sets the forward and reverse switch, frequency inverter will not remember the state after the switch during power loss process, and the frequency inverter will operate according the running direction set by the parameter HOO.13. Setting range: 0~07	6	*
Н07. 03	MF . K key run command channel switching order selection	When H 07.02=6, set the order of running command channel switching.  0: Keyboard control terminal controls the communication control  1: Keyboard control terminal control  2: keyboard control communication control  3: Terminal control and communication control	1	☆



Code	Name	Description	Factory default	Change
		HO7 group HMI group		
Н07. 04	STOP / RST key shutdown, function selection	STOP / RST shutdown function effective option. For fault reset, the STOP / RS' key is valid in any condition.  0: Only valid for the keyboard control  1: Effective for both keyboard and terminal control  2: Effective for both the keyboard and the communication control  3: Effective for all control modes	3	☆
Н07. 11	boost module temperature	When the inverter is configured with the boost module, the function code display the temperature of the boost module. Note: the function code is only valid in AC mode, the value displayed by the functio code in PV mode is not meaningful. $-20.0^{\circ}120.0^{\circ}$ C		•
H07. 12	Inverter module temperature	0~100.0℃		•
Н07. 13	Control board software version	1.00~655.35	/	•
Н07. 15	High power consumption of the frequency inverter	Display the power consumption of the frequency inverter.  Power consumption of frequency inverter=H 07.151000 + H 07.16 H 07 15 setting	/	•
Н07. 16	Low power consumption of the frequency inverter	range: 0~65535 kWh (1000)	/	•
Н07. 27	Last 1 failure type	0: No fault 3: Inverter unit protection (E 003) 4: accelerated overcurrent (E 004	/	•
Н07. 28	Previous 1 failure type	5: deceleration overcurrent (E 005) 6: constant speed over-current (	´   ,	•
Н07. 29	Previous 2 failure type	006)   7: accelerated overvoltage (E 007)	) /	•
Н07. 30	Previous 3 failure type	9: constant speed overvoltage (E 009) 10: Bus undervoltage fault (E 010 11: Motor overload (E 011) 12: Frequter overload (E 012)	) /	•
Н07. 31	Previous 4 failure type	13: Input side (E 013)  14: Output side phase absence (E 014)	) /	•
Н07. 32	Previous 5 failure type	15: boost Module overheating (E 015) 16: inverter module overheating fault (E016)	/	•
Н07. 57	Previous 6 failure type	17: External fault (E 017) 18:485 Communication fault (E 018	/	•
Н07. 58	Previous 7 failure type	19: Current detection fault (E 019) 20: Motor self-learning fault (E 020) 21: EEPROM operation fault (E 021) 22: PID, feedback line break faul	/	•
Н07. 59	Previous 8 failure type	(E 022) 23: Brake unit fault (E 023) 24: Run time reached (E 024)	/	•
Н07. 60	Previous 9 failure type	25: Electronic overload (E 025)	/	•
Н07. 61	Previous 10 failure type	32: Short circuit to ground fault 1 (E 032) 33: Short circuit to ground fault 2 (E 033)	/	•
Н07. 62	Previous 11 failure type	34: Speed deviation fault (E 034) 35: Disorder fault (E 035)	/	•
Н07. 63	Previous 12 failure type	36: Underload fault (E 036)	/	•
Н07. 64	Previous 13 failure type	37: Hydraulic probe damaged fault (E 037) 38: PV reverse connection fault (E 038)	/	•
Н07.65	Previous 14 failure type	39: PV overflow (E 039) 40: PV overvoltage (E 040)	/	•
Н07. 66	Previous 15 failure type	41: PV undervoltage (E 041)	/	•
Н07. 67	Previous 16 failure type	42: Communication fault with the boost module422 (E-422) 43: boost, busbar overvoltage detected onthe side (E 043)		•
Н07. 68	Previous 17 failure type	Note: The No.38~40 fault is only detected in the boost. After the boost modul	/	•
Н07. 69	Previous 18 failure type	detects the fault, and the fault information is returned to the inverter module in the next data return. report to the police:		•
Н07. 70	Previous 19 failure type	61: Weak early warning (A-LS) 62: Underload early warning (A-LL)	/	•
Н07. 71	Previous 20 failure type	63: Water full warning (A-tF) 64: Water air early warning (A-tL) 65: Phase phase warning (A-SPI) Note: The alert is not logged to the fault, but can be read by the Modbus	/	•



Code	Name	Description	Factory default	Change
		HO8 group Enhanced function group		
Н08. 28	Number of automatic reset	Number of automatic reset: when the inverter selects automatic reset, it is used to set the number of automatic reset. If the number of continuous reset times exceeds this value, the frequency inverter will report the fault shutdown and wait for repair.	5	☆
Н08. 29	Fault automatic reset interval time setting	Automatic reset interval: Select the time interval between the fault occurrence and the automatic reset action. H 08.28 Setting range: 0~10 H 08.29 Setting range: 0.1~3600.0s	10. 0s	☆
Н08. 53	Open the hidden function code	O: Close 1: Open Setting range: 0~1 Note: This function code EEPROM is not saved, that is, the default shutdown state is still left after power recovery.		☆
		Hll group Protection parameter group		
Н11.00	Lack of phase protection	0x 000°0x 111  LED the unit: 0: Enter the missing phase protection is prohibited 1: Enter the missing phase protection allowance  LED decade: 0: Output missing phase protection is prohibited 1: The output of phase-protection is allowed  LED hundred: (reserved)	Model determin ation	☆
H11.01	Instant power drop frequency drop voltage point	20.0%~120.0%	80.0%	☆
H11. 02	Instant power-off frequency drop rate	Setting range: : 0.00Hz / s ~H 00.03 (maximum output frequency) After the power grid drops, when the bus voltage drops to the instantaneous power drop frequency point, the frequency inverter starts to drop the rate according to the instantaneous power drop frequency (H11.02) Reduce the operating frequency, make the motor in the generating state, let the feedback power to maintain the bus voltage, ensure that the inverter does not stop, until the inverter is powered on again, the inverter returns to the state before the power drop.  220VAC power supply: the instantaneous power drop frequency reduction point is 260V (bus voltage)  380VAC power supply: the instantaneous power drop frequency reduction point is 460V (bus voltage)  690VAC power supply: the instantaneous power drop frequency reduction point is 800V (bus voltage)  Note:  1. Adjusting this parameter appropriately can avoid the production shutdown caused by the protection of the frequency inverter when the power grid is switched.  2. The missing phase protection function must be prohibited to enable the function.	10.00Hz/s	☆
H11.03	Over-pressure stall protection	0: Prohibit 1: Allow	0	☆
II11 04	Over-voltage stall	120-150% (standard bus voltage) (220V)	120%	
H11.04	protection voltage	120-150% (standard bus bar voltage) (380V)	136%	☆
H11. 05	Limited flow selection	Ox 00^0x 12  Individual bit: current limiting action selection  0: Flow limit action is invalid  1: The current limiting action is always effective  2: The deceleration time limit flow is invalid  Ten place: hardware current limit overload alarm selection  0: Hardware current limit overload alarm is valid  1: Hardware current limit overload alarm is invalid	0x01	*



Code	Name	Description	Factory default	Change
H11.06	Automatic current limiting level	50.0~200.0%	Type G type machine:150.  0%  Type P type machine:110.  0%	*
H11.07	Frequency drop rate during current limiting time	0.00~50.00Hz/s	10.00Hz/s	*
H11.08	Frequency inverter/motor underload forecast alarm selection	If the output current of the frequency inverter or motor is greater than the overload forecast alarm detection level (H 11.09), and the duration exceeds the overload warning delay time (H 11.10), the overload warning signal is output. H11.08 enables and defines the preoverload alarm function of the inverter and motor.	0	☆
H11.09	Overload forecast alarm detection level	LED the unit: 0: the motor overload forecast alarm, relative to the rated current of the motor 1: the frequency inverter overload forecast alarm, relative to the rated output current of the frequency inverter	150	☆
H11. 10	Overload forecast alarm detection time	current of the frequency inverter  2: Motor output torque overload forecast alarm, relative to the motor rated torque overload forecast alarm, relative to the motor rated torque overload tentens:  3: Continue operation after underload alarm  3: Continue operation after underload alarm, and stop running after overload fault  3: The inverter continues to run after overload alarm, and stop operation after underload failure  3: The frequency inverter stops running after reporting the underload fault  3: ED hundreds place:  3: Always detect  4: Detection in constant speed operation  5: Invalid overload integral selection  6: Invalid overload integral  6: overload integral effective setting  6: Il. 08 set range: 0000~1131  6: Il. 09 set range: H11.11~200% (relative value determined by H 11.08 bits)	1.0	ż
H11.11	Underload forecast alarm detection level	If the output current of the frequency inverter or motor is less than the underload warning detection level (H11.11), and the duration exceeds the underload warning	50	☆
H11.12	Time of underload forecast alarm detection	delay time (H11.12), the underload warning signal is output.  Setting range of H 11.11:0~H 11.09 (relative value determined by H 11.08 bits)  Setting range of H 11.12:0.1~3600.0s	1.0	☆
H11. 13	Action selection of the fault output terminal during the fault	Used to select the action of the fault output terminal in undervoltage and fault automatic reset.  LED the unit: 0: Action during underpressure failure 1: Do not act when the underpressure fault occurs  LED decade: 0: Action during the automatic reset 1: No action during the automatic reset	00	☆
H11.14	Speed deviation detection value	0.0~50.0% is used to set the speed deviation detection value.	10.0	☆
H11.15	Speed deviation detection time	Used to set the speed deviation detection time. Setting range of H 11.15:0.0 (invalid), 0.1~10.0s	0.5	☆



Code	Name	Description	Factory default	Change
		H14 group Serial communication parameter group		
Н14. 00	Address of this machine	Setting range: 1~247 When the host frame, the slave address is set to 0, i. e For the broadcast address, all slave on the MODBUS bus accept the frame, but the slave does not answer. The local communication address is unique in the communication network, which is the basis of realizing the point-to-point communication between the upper computer and the frequency inverter. Note: The slave address cannot be set to 0.	1	☆
H14. 01	The Communication Baud rate setting	Set the data transmission rate between the upper position computer and the frequency inverter.  0: 1200bps	4	☆
Н14. 02	calibration	0: No check (N, 8,1) for RTU  1: even check (E, 8,1) for RTU  2: odd check (0, 8,1) for RTU  3: No check (N, 8,2) for RTU  4: even check (E, 8,2) for RTU  5: odd check (0, 8,2) for RTU	1	☆
Н14. 03	Communication response delay	0°200 ms  It is the intermediate interval between the end of the inverter data acceptance and the response data from the upper computer. If the response delay is less than the system processing time, the response delay shall be subject to the system processing time. If the response delay is longer than the system processing time, the system shall process the data and delay until the response delay time to send the data to the upper machine.	5	☆
H14. 04	485 Communication timeout fault time	00 (Invalid) ~60.0s The communication timeout time parameter is invalid when the function code is set to 0.0. When the function code is set to a non-zero value, if the interval between one communication and the next communication exceeds the communication timeout time, the system will report "485 communication fault" (E 018). Usually, it is set to be invalid. If you set this parameter in a continuous communication system, you can monitor the communication status.	0.0s	☆
H14. 05	Transport error handling	O: Alarm and stop freely 1: Do not alarm and continue to run 2: Stop by shutdown mode without alarm(only by communication control mode) 3: Stop according to shutdown mode without alarm (under all control modes)	0	☆
H14.06	Communication processing action selection	Ox 000°0x 111  LED individual bit: write the operation action  O: responds to the write operation; the frequency inverter responds to the read and write command of the upper computer.  1: No response to the write operation; the frequency inverter only responds to the read command of the upper computer and has no response to the write command, improving the communication efficiency.  LED ten-place: communication encryption processing  O: Communication password protection is invalid  1: Communication password protection is valid  LED 100 bits: communication command address customization  O: H 14.07, H 14.08 Custom address is invalid  1: H 14.07, H 14.08 Custom address is valid	0x000	☆



Code	Name	Description	Factory default	Change
		H15 group Solar inverter special function group		
H15.00	Pv inverter choice	0: invalid 1: enable For 0 indicates that the photovoltaic control is invalid and the function group is not used. For 1 indicates an enabling PV control that can adjust the parameters of the H15 group.	1	*
H15. 01	Vmpp voltage given the selection	0: Voltage is given 1: The maximum power tracking given For 0 indicates that the voltage given method, the reference voltage is given by H 15.02 keyboard, which is a fixed value. For 1 indicates maximum power for a given reference voltage that changes until the system is stable. Note: The function code is not valid when the terminal function 43 is valid.	1	*
H15. 02	Vmpp voltage keyboard given	0.0°6553.5Vdc In the case that H15.01 is 0, the reference voltage value is given by the function code. (During testing, the reference voltage should be lower than the PV input voltage, otherwise the system will operate at the lower frequency limit)	250. 0V	☆
H15. 03	PID control deflection limit	0.0~100.0% (100.0% corresponds to H 15.02) PI adjustment will be made when the deviation between the actual voltage and reference voltage, namely abs(actual voltage-reference voltage) * 100.0% / reference voltage, is greater than the deviation limit value of H15.03, otherwise PI processing is not performed. The default is 0.0%. Abs: take the absolute value	0.0%	☆
H15.04	PID output on the frequency	H 15.05~100.0% (100.0% corresponds to H00.03) H 15.04 was used to limit the maximum of the target frequency, 100.0% corresponds to H 00.03 maximum frequency. After PI adjustment, the final target frequency cannot exceed the set upper limit.	100.0%	☆
H15. 05	PID output lower frequency	0.0% H 15.04 (100.0% corresponds to H 00.03) H15.05 was used to limit the minimum of target frequency, 100.0% corresponds Maximum frequency at H 00.03. After PI adjustment, the final target frequency cannot be below the set lower limit.	20.0%	☆
H15.06	KP1	0.00~100.00  Protionality coefficient of target frequency 1  A larger value indicates greater effect and faster regulation.	5. 00	☆
H15.07	KI1	0.00~100.00  The integration coefficient of 1 of the target frequency A larger value indicates greater effect and faster regulation.	5. 00	☆
H15. 08	KP2	0.00~100.00  Protionality coefficient of target frequency 2  A larger value indicates greater effect and faster regulation.	35.00	☆
H15. 09	KI2	0.00~100.00  The integration coefficient 2 of the target frequency A larger value indicates greater effect and faster regulation.	35.00	☆
H15. 10	PI switching point	0.0~6553.5Vdc When the absolute value of the difference between PV voltage and reference voltage is greater than the set value of H 15.10, switch to H15.08 ratio 2 and H15.09 integration coefficient 2; otherwise use H 15.06 ratio 1 and H 15.07 ratio 1.	20. OV	*
H15. 11	Water level control selection	O: Water level control switch quantity input  1: AI 1 (water level signal is input by analog AI 1, not supported)  2: AI 2 (water level signal is input by analog AI 2, not supported)  3: AI 3 (water level signal is input by analog AI 3, not supported)  When the function code is selected as 0, the water level signal is controlled by switch input. See S terminal 43 and 44 of Group HO5; when the terminal input the full water signal is valid, the system reports the full water warning (A-tF) after the delay time of H 15.14 and sleeps. Under the full water alarm state, the full water signal is invalid. After the delay time of H15.15, clear the full water signal is valid, the system will report the empty water warning (A-tL) after the delay time of H 15.16, and sleep; under the empty  water alarm state, the empty water signal is invalid. After the delay time of H 15.17, remove the empty water alarm and enter the operation state again. When the function code is selected as 1 to 3, representing the given water level control analog signal source. See functional code H 15 12, H 15 13 for details.	0	*





Code	Name	Description	Factory default	Change
H15. 12	Full water level threshold	0.0°100.0% This function code is valid when H 15.11 water level control is selected as the analog input. When the detected water level control analog signal is less than the H 15.12 water level threshold, and continue this state after the delay time of H 15.14, report the full water warning (A-tF), and sleep. If the non-persistent case, that is, when the delay time does not arrive, the given simulation signal is large At the water level threshold, the delay time will be automatically cleared. Then, the delay timing is restarted when the measured water level control simulation signal is less than the water level threshold. In the full water alarm state, when the detected water level control simulation signal is greater than the water level threshold of H 15.12, the delay time starts. After the delay time of H 15.15, the full water alarm is cleared and restored to the normal state. In non continuous cases, the delay time will automatically clear up.	25. 0%	☆
H15. 13	Empty water level threshold	O.0~100.0% This function code is valid when H 15.11 water level control is selected as the analog input. When the detected water level control analog signal is greater than the H 15.13 water level threshold, and continue this state after the delay time of H 15.16, report the empty water warning (A-tL), and sleep. If in the case of nonpersistent, that is, when the delay time does not arrive, the given analog signal is greater than the water level threshold, the delay time will automatically clear up. Then, the delay timing is restarted when the measured water level control simulation signal is less than the water level threshold. In the empty water alarm state, when the detected water level control simulation signal is less than the water level threshold of H15.13, the delay time starts. After the delay time of H 15.17, the empty water alarm is cleared and returns to the normal state. In non continuous cases, the delay time will automatically clear up.	75. 0%	☆
H15. 14	Full water level delay	$0\!\sim\!10000s$ Full water delay time is set. (The function code is still valid when the full water signal)	5s	☆
H15. 15	Full water level wake up delay	$0{\sim}10000\mathrm{s}$ Set the delay time of full water level.(The function code is still valid when the full water signal)	20s	☆
H15. 16	Air water level delay	$0{\sim}10000s$ Set the delay time of the empty water.(The function code is still valid when switching on the water air signal)	5s	☆
H15. 17	Empty water level awakening delay	$0\!\sim\!10000s$ Set the delay time of empty water level.(The function code is still valid when switching on the water air signal)	20s	☆
H15. 18	Hydraulic probe damage point	0.0~100.0%  If 0.0% is invalid, not 0.0%, when the detected water level control analog signal is greater than the damage point of H15.18 hydraulic probe, the fault (E 037) will be directly reported and stopped.	0.0%	☆
H15. 19	Underload operati on time of the water pump	0.0 $\sim$ 1000.0s Setting of the underload operation time of the water pump. Under continuous underload, underload alarm (A-LL).	60.0s	☆
H15. 20	Overload running current Detection value	0.0%:, Automatic underload detection 0.1~100.0%  When it is 0.0%, it is determined by the underload detection of the water pump inverter itself. If not 0.0%, determined by H15.20.100.0% corresponds to the motor rated current.  When the absolute value of the difference between target frequency and ramp frequency is continuously less than or equal to the H15.22 lag frequency threshold, if the current current value corresponding to the current frequency is continuously less than the set value of H15.20, the underload alarm fault is reported after the underrunning time of H 15.19 pump, otherwise normal operation. In non-continuous cases, the delay timing will automatically clear up.	00.0%	☆





Code	Name		Descrip	tion		Factory default	Change
H15. 21	Underload reset delay	In the underlo delay timing an ensure that the can be reset a	t delay setting. ad, the underloaded running re synchronized. The value i e overloaded delay running fter the time of H 15.21~H1 15.19, it will automatica	s generally set larger time reaches, and the c 5.19. If the value is	than H 15.19 to overloaded alarm consistent with	660. 0s	*
H15. 22	Underload protection option		he underload according to t o the output current	he output power		0	☆
H15. 23	Low light delay time	When the output frequency, the time, report the timing will aupay attention  When the but is less than 7  In the case					☆
H15. 24	Low light wake-up delay	0.0~3600.0s Weak wake-up d Under the light weak warning, In the case of	eak wake-up delay setting.  nder the light weak warning, after the light weak wake-up delay, clear the light eak warning, and re-enter the operation state.  n the case of H15.32=0, when the PV voltage is greater than H15.34, the system				☆
H15. 25	Initial actual reference voltage is given for the display	0.0~2000.0V	switches back to the photovoltaic input mode after the weak wake-up delay.  0.0~2000.0V				•
H15. 26	Max tracking Min voltage reference	tracking, and circuit voltag PV panels = H1 The maximum po reference rang reference. T range and the	This function code can set the minimum voltage reference for the maximum power cracking, and the maximum power tracking minimum voltage reference =the open circuit voltage of the photovoltaic panel * H 15.26. Open circuit voltage of PV panels = H15.25+H 15.28. The maximum power tracking voltage will be tracked within the minimum voltage reference range H 15.27. H 15.27 must be greater than the minimum voltage reference. The smaller the difference between them, the narrower the tracking range and the faster the tracking. However, make sure that the voltage point of the normal maximum power falls within the range. H 15.26 and H 15.27 must be				☆
H15. 27	Max power tracks the maximum voltage reference	Maximum power Is active at M	tracking minimum voltage re PPT maximum power tracking, is determined by the model: Maximum voltage reference  400.0V  400.0V  400.0V  750.0V	ference ~H 15.31 for the maximum voltag	ge tracked.	400. OV	☆
H15. 28	Reference voltage initial value adjustment	80~95% Initial reference voltage = V oc * P15.28 MPPT is perturbed from the initial value of the reference voltage.					☆
H15. 29	Automatically adjust the upper and lower limits of Vmppt	0.0~10.0s When H 15.29 is set to 0.0, the automatic adjustment of the upper and lower limit of Vmppt is invalid. When not 0.0, automatically adjust the upper and lower limits of Vmppt once for each time set by H 15.29. The adjusted center is the current PV voltage and the upper and lower limits is H 15.30, namely: Maximum / minimum reference voltage =current PV voltage ± H15.30 While automatically updated to H15.26 and H15.27.				0. 0s	☆



Code	Name	Description	Factory default	Change
H15. 30	Automatically adjust the upper and lower limits of the Vmppt	$5.0\!\sim\!100.0V$ Adjustment of the upper and lower range amplitude when the Vmppt is automatically adjusted	30. OV	☆
H15. 31	Vmppt Max value	H15.27~6553.5V  Vmppt Maximum value. During the maximum power tracking process, the upper panel reference voltage limit will not exceed the value set by H 15.31. The factory value of this value is determined according to the model, 4T, the default of other models is 750V, and the default of other models is 400V	400. OV	☆
Н15. 32	solar input and power frequency input selection	0: Automatic switch mode 1: Power frequency input mode 2: PV input mode This function code selects 0, and the system automatically switches between PV and power frequency according to the detected PV voltage value and switching threshold. This function code selects 1, and the system forces the switch to the power frequency input. This function code selects 2, and the system forces the switch to the photovoltaic input. Note: The function code is invalid when the terminal input function 42 is valid.	2	*
Н15. 33	Switch to the power frequency input threshold setting	0.0V~H15.34 When the PV voltage is below the threshold value or the light is weak, it can be switched to the power frequency input through the relay output. Invalid for 0. For models without a boost module, the switching point voltage is set by the external voltage detection circuit; The model with the voltage module, the switching point voltage is 70V	70. OV	☆
H15. 34	Switch to the PV input threshold setting	H15.33~400.0V When the PV voltage is above the threshold value, the system can be switched to photovoltaic input by H 15.24. This threshold is a little higher than that of H 15.33 to avoid back and forth switching. Invalid for 0.0 Factory value model decision.	100. OV	☆
H15. 35	Rated flow rate of the water pump	QN at rated head; unit: m³/h	0.0	☆
H15.36	Head of water pump rating	Head HN at rated frequency; in: m	0.0	☆
H15. 37	PV under-voltage point voltage setting	When the PV voltage is lower than the set voltage value, the system reports the PV undervoltage fault factory value is determined by the model:  Type The PV undervoltage point 2SS 140V 2S 140V 2T 140V 4T 240V With a boost, of any model 70V type  Setting range: 0.0~400.0	70. OV	☆
Н15. 39	Product model	This function code is provided to the user to change the model of the product, such as the factory 4T model, the user wants to use as a 2T model, need to set H15.39 to 2.  0:2SS 22OV Single-phase input and single-phase output 1:2S 22OV Single-phase input and three-phase output 2:2T 22OV three phase input three phase output 3:4T 38OV Three-phase input and three-phase output Setting range: 0~3	0	*
H15. 40	The PQ curve fitting is enabled	0: Not enabled 1: Enable Setting range: 0~1 to enable this function code, flow calculation will use H 15.41~H15.50 point for PQ curve fitting calculation, flow calculation will be more accurate.	0	*
H15. 41	The PQ curve power point 1	The setting range of pump input power at the first point of the PQ curve:0.0~1000.0kW	0.0kW	*



Code	Name	Description	Factory default	Change
H15. 42	The PQ curve power point 2	The setting range of pump input power at the second point of the PQ curve:0.0 $^{\sim}$ 1000.0kW	0.0kW	*
H15. 43	The PQ curve power point 3	The setting range of pump input power at the third point of the PQ curve:0.0 $^{\sim}$ 1000.0kW	0.0kW	*
H15. 44	The PQ curve power point 4	The setting range of the pump input power at the fourth point of the PQ curve: 0.0 ^1000.0 kW	0.0kW	*
H15. 45	The PQ curve power point 5	The setting range of the pump input power at the fifth point of the PQ curve: 0.0 $^{\sim}1000.0  \text{kW}$	0.0kW	*
H15. 46	The PQ curve flow point 1	The setting range of the corresponding pump flow point at the first point of the PQ curve is: $0.0^{1000}$ 0m³/h	0.0m³/h	*
H15. 47	The PQ curve flow point 2	The setting range of the corresponding pump flow point at the second point of the PQ curve is: 0.0~1000 0m³/h	0.0m³/h	*
H15. 48	The PQ curve flow point 3	The setting range of the corresponding pump flow point at the third point of the PQ curve is: $0.0^{1000}$ 0m³/h	0.0m³/h	*
H15. 49	The PQ curve flow point 4	The setting range of the corresponding pump flow point at the fourth point of the PQ curve is: $0.0^{1000}$ 0m³/h	0.0m³/h	*
H15.50	The PQ curve flow point 5	The setting range of the corresponding pump flow point at the fifth point of the PQ curve is: $0.0^{1000}$ 0m³/h	0.0m³/h	*
H15. 51	Pump efficiency	This function code indicates the overall efficiency of the water pump. Set the range: $0100\%$	80%	☆
H17. 01	Output frequency	H17 group Status view functional group  Displays the current output frequency of the frequency inverter.  Range: 0.00Hz ~H 00.03	0.00Hz	•
H17.03	Output voltage	Displays the current output voltage of the frequency inverter. Range: $0^{\sim}1200\text{V}$	OV	•
H17.04	Output current	Displays the current output current effective value of the frequency inverter. Range: 0.0~3000.0 A	0. 0A	•
Н17. 08	Motor power	Show the current power of the motor, 100.0% relative to the rated power value of the motor, the positive value is the electric state, and the negative value is the power generating state  Range: -300.0~300.0% (relative to the rated power of the motor)	0.0%	•
H17. 11	DC bus voltage	Displays the current DC bus voltage of the frequency inverter. Range: $0.0^{2}2000.0V$	0. OV	•
		Displays the current switch quantity input terminal status of the frequency inverter		
H17. 12	Switch quantity input terminal status	BIT   BIT   BIT   BIT   BIT   ST   ST   ST   ST   ST   ST   ST	0	•
H17. 13	Switch quantity output terminal status	Displays the current switch volume output terminal status of the frequency inverter    BIT3	0	•
H17. 38	Main winding current	The main winding current of the single phase generator is controlled by the disassembly mode $0.00^{\sim}100.00\mathrm{A}$	0.00A	•
H17. 39	Secondary winding current	To control the secondary winding current of the single-phase electric machine in the single-phase capacitor mode $0.00^{\circ}100.00$ A	0.00A	•



Code	Name	Description	Factory default	Change
		H18 group PV inverter dedicated status view group		
H18.00	PV reference voltage	The mppt is done on the inverter side, and this value is given by the inverter side $0\!\sim\!65535.\text{OV}$	0. OV	•
H18.01	Current PV voltage	The boost module is over or the bus voltage $0{\sim}65535.0\mathrm{V}$	0. OV	•
H18.02	The MPPT Min reference voltage is shown	This value shows the maximum power trace minimum voltage reference, which is equal to the panel open circuit voltage * H15.26 $0{\sim}65535.0\mathrm{V}$	0. OV	•
H18. 04	Current inductance current	From the boost module, the function code is only valid in AC mode, the function code is invalid	0. 0A	•
H18.07	Solar input power	Retention, in kW	0.00kW	•
H18.08	Last last input power	Retention, in kW	0.00kW	•
H18.09	Last PV voltage	The last boost module is incoming or the bus voltage		•
H18. 10	Device configuration display	0x 00^0x 11  LED the unit 0: Photovoltaic power supply 1: AC power grid power supply  LED decade 0: The system with a boost module is detected 1: The system is detected without the boost module	00	•
Н18.11	Current water pump flow rate	$Q = \frac{Q_N \times f}{f_N}$ Unit: cubic meter/hour	0.0	•
H18. 12	Current pump lift	$H = 0.9H_N \times (f/f_N)$ Unit: meter	0.0	•
H18. 13	Pump total flow rate high	The function code shows the high 16 bits of the total pump flow rate. Unit: cubic meters	0	•
H18. 14	Pump total flow rate low	This function code shows the low 16 bits of the total pump flow rate. Unit: cubic meters. Total flow of pump = H18.13 * 65535 + H18.14	0.0	•
Н18. 15	Pump total flow reset	This variable is set to 1 to reset the total flow rate of the pump, H18.13, H18.14 will clear zero and start accumulating again. After you reset the function code H18.15, it will automatically change to 0.	0	•
	(trops	H19 group B00ST boost special group mitted by inverter module and boost module through RS422 communicat	tion)	
H19.00	Boost voltage loop KPP	0.000~65.535	0.500	☆
H19.01	Boost 0.000~65.53 Voltage ring KI	0.000~65.535	0.080	☆
H19.02	Boost current loop KP	0.000~65.535	0.010	☆
H19.03	Boost current loop KI Boost voltage	0.000~65.535	0.010	☆
Н19. 04	loop PI output upper limit current	PI output limit of mppt voltage ring, boost current ring reference current limit H19.05 $^{\sim}15.0A$	12. OA	☆
H19. 05	Boost voltage loop PI output lower limit current	Mppt voltage loop PI output lower limit, boost current loop reference current lower limit 0~H19.04	0.0	☆
Н19.06	Bus-line reference voltage	Solar input, the system with boost module, the function code sets the reference voltage of the bus voltage. The default factory value of the function code of 220V model is 350V, and the default function code of 380V model is 570V.  Set the range: 300.0V ~600.0V	350. 0V	*
H19.07	boost Voltage ring of KP1	When the difference between bus voltage reference and actual bus voltage is greater than 20V, the voltage ring, otherwise the first set of PI parameters Setting range: 0.000~65,535	0.500	☆



Н19. 08	Voltage ring KI boost 1	When the difference between bus voltage reference and actual bus voltage is greater than 20V, the voltage ring, otherwise the first set of PI parameters Setting range: $0.000^\circ 65.535$	0.080	☆
Н19. 09	Boost Start-up voltage	When the PV voltage reaches the starting voltage value, and the other starting conditions of the system are met, the boost circuit is activated.  Setting range: 60 0^200 0V	80. 0V	*
Н19. 10	Boost software version	boost After the power, the version will be sent to the inverter side	0.00	•
Н19. 11	Output voltage filter coefficient	Setting range: 0~10	5	☆
Н19. 14	MPPT adjustment step	Set the range: 0.0~10.0V When this value is 0, the step size is automatically set according to the average voltage / 100 Calculate, range [2.0V, 5.0V]; the step size is not zero.	0. OV	☆
Н19. 15	MPPT adjustment time	Setting range: 0.0~120.0s	2.0s	☆
Н19. 16	△P coefficient 1	Setting range: 0.0% <sup>5</sup> .0% This value affects the effect of tracking from right to left, and the larger the value, the closer to the right.	0.0%	☆
Н19. 17	ΔP coefficient 2	Setting range: 0.0% 5.0% This value affects the effect of tracking from right to left, and the larger the value, the closer to the right.	0.0%	☆
Н19. 19	Fine-tune the reference voltage time	Setting range: $0.00^{\circ}60.00s$ With KP 2 / KI 2, the reference voltage slightly increases by 1V.	0.01	*

#### Note:

- The time from the pump inverter to the lower limit of PI output frequency is determined by the acceleration time.
- Description of timing problems that meet multiple fault conditions simultaneously. For example, when the conditions of light weakness, full water and underload failure are met at the same time, the delay timing will start respectively, without correlation. When a fault delay time arrives, the fault is reported. The other two fault delay timing will be maintained. After the fault reset returns to normal, if the other two fault conditions are still met, the last time will continue, and so on. If a fault condition is not met in the middle, then the fault delay time will be cleared.
- 5.2 Commissioning guidance
- 5. 2. 1 Check before operation

Be sure to confirm the following items before switching on.

- 1. Check whether the inverter is reliably grounded;
- 2. Check whether the wiring is correct and reliable;



- 3. Check whether the selection of AC and DC circuit breaker is correct;
- 4. Check whether the photovoltaic DC input voltage is within the allowable range of the frequency inverter;
- 5. Check whether the motor type, voltage and power are consistent with the inverter type, voltage

### 5.2.2 Trial operation

Close the DC circuit breaker, the inverter will operate automatically after about 10s, observe the water output of the water pump, if the water output is normal, the trial operation is successful; if the water output is small, adjust any two motor wires before operation.

### 5.2.3 The parameter settings

The frequency inverter runs automatically by default. If the parameters need to be set, press MF for 10s after the frequency inverter is charged. K key, change the inverter to keyboard control mode ("LOCAL / REMOT" light is off); if the inverter operation indicator is on after power, Press the STOP / RST button to enter the parameter setting interface. After completing parameter setting, disconnect the power switch, and it can be put into operation again.

### 5.2.4 Advanced settings

Note: The default Settings of the water pump inverter can adapt to most working conditions, and the advanced Settings generally do not need to be set again.

#### 5. 2. 4. 1 PI adjustment of system water outlet speed

If the user has higher requirements for the speed of water discharge, the PI parameters (H15.06~H15.10) can be adjusted appropriately. The larger the PI parameter, the stronger the effect, the faster the water discharge, but the motor frequency fluctuates greatly; conversely, the slower the water discharge, the relatively stable motor operating frequency.

### 5.2.4.2 Special setting of single-phase electric machine

A) For the poor performance of the single-phase generator, the user can adjust the setting of HO4, set HO4.00= 1 to multi-point VF mode, and set HO4.03 to HO4.08



as appropriate value according to the debugging conditions; when the motor cannot be started; if the current is too high, the voltage value should be lowered.

- B) When the system startup is slow, the initial voltage difference of H15.28 can be adjusted appropriately.
- C) for single-phase generator with two-phase control mode (starting capacitor to be removed):
- ① The Max voltage setting should be less than 1 / 1.6 of the bus voltage, it is recommended to set the rated voltage HO2.04 less than 200V, or the maximum voltage output can be limited by the multi-point V / F curve;
- ② H17.38 H17.39 can observe whether the current of the main and secondary winding is normal, and the current shown by>> shift key switch is two

The synthetic current of the winding current, note that the impedance of the main and secondary winding is different, and the current of the main and secondary winding is different when the same voltage is output;

③ the output current of the main and secondary winding can be changed by adjusting the voltage ratio of the main and secondary winding HO4.35, but the adjustment of this voltage is related to the design parameters of the motor and it is suggested to be adjusted by professionals, otherwise it will affect the output of the motor.



# Chapter 6 Fault diagnosis and measures

## 6.1 Fault alarm and measure

Fault name	Operation panel shows	Troubleshooting	Fault handling countermeasures
Inverter module failure	E003	Speed up too fast The phase IGBT is damaged Interference causes misaction Poor drive line connection Whether the short circuit to the ground	Increase acceleration time Replace the power unit Please check the drive line Check the peripheral equipment for strong interference sources
Accelerate over current	E004	Speed down too fast The power grid voltage is too low	Increase the acceleration and deceleration time
Slow down over current	E005	The frequency inverter power is too small	Check the input power supply Choose a large power of the frequency
Constant speed over current	E006	phase deficiency External external strong interference sources	inverter Check the load for short circuit (short to ground or between lines) or plugging Check the output wiring Check for any strong interference phenomenon Check the settings of the relevant function codes
Accelerated overvoltage	E007		Check the input power supply Check whether the load deceleration time is
Slow down over voltage	E008	Input voltage is abnormal	too short or there is started in motor rotation
Constant speed overvoltage	E009	There is a large energy feedback Missing brake assembly The energy brake function is not on	Energy consumption brake components need to be added Check the settings of the relevant function codes
Bus undervoltage fault	E010	The power grid voltage is too low Over-voltage stall protection is not turned on	Check the power grid input power supply Check the settings of the relevant function codes
Motor overload	E011	Grid voltage is too low Motor rated current setting is incorrectly Motor blocking rotation or load mutation is too large	Check the power grid voltage Resrated motor current Check the load and adjust the torque increase amount
Frequency inverter overload	E012	Speed up too fast Restart of the rotating motor Grid voltage is too low Too much load The little horse pulled the cart	Increase acceleration time Avoid downtime and restart Check the power grid voltage Choose a larger power frequency inverter Select a suitable electric motor
Input side phase loss	E013	Enter R, S, and T with phase absence or large fluctuations	Check the input power supply : check the safety assembly line
Output side phase loss	E014	U, V, W missing phase output (or load three-phase severe asymmetry)	Check the output wiring:check the motor and cable
Boost module Overheating fault	E015	The air duct of the boost module is blocked or the fan is damaged The ambient temperature of the boost module is too high Boost module operates overloaded for a long time	The boost module lowers the ambient
Inverter module overheating fault	E016	Blocking of air duct or damaged fan The ambient temperature is too high Long-time overload run	Dredge the air duct or replace the fan Reduce the ambient temperature
External failure	E017	Xi external fault input terminal action	Check the external device input
485 Communication failure	E018	The Porter rate is not set properly Communication line fault Wrong mailing address Communication is strongly disturbed	Set the appropriate baud rate Check the communication interface wiring Set the correct mailing address Replace or change the wiring to improve the disturbance resistance





Current detection failure	E019	Control board connector has poor contact Hall device damaged The amplification circuit is abnormal	Check the connector and replug the wire Replace Hall Replace the main control board
Motor self learning failure	E020	Motor capacity does not match the inverter capacity Improper setting of the motor parameters The deviation between self learning parameters and standard parameters is too large for self-learning timeout	parameters correctly Make the motor no load, reidentify Check the motor wiring and check the
EEPROM Operation failure	E021	A read-write error occurred for the control parameter EEPROM Damage	Reset by STOP / RST Replace the main control board
PID feedback Broken line failure	E022	PID feedback disconnection	Check the PID feedback signal line Check the PID, and the feedback source
Brake unit failure	E023	Brake line fault or brake pipe is damaged The external brake resistance value is small	-
Run time arrives	E024	The actual operating time of the inverter is greater than the internal set operating time	Seek the supplier, adjust the set running time
Electronic overload failure	E025	The frequency inverter conducts the overload warning according to the set value	Check the load and overload warning points
Short circuit to ground failure 1	E032	Frequency inverter output and ground short connection	Check the motor wiring
Short circuit to ground failure 2	E033	The current detection circuit is faulty The difference between the actual motor power setting and the frequency inverter power is too large	*
Speed deviation failure	E034	Overload or blocked	Check the load and confirm that the load is normal, Increase the detection time; Check that the control parameters are appropriate.
Disorder failure	E035	Improper setting of the control parameters of the synchronous motor; Self-learning parameters are not allowed; The frequency inverter is not connected to the electric motor.	Check the load to confirm that the load is normal; Check whether the control parameters are set correctly; Increase the time for disorder detection.
Electronic underload failure	E036	The frequency inverter conducts the underload early warning according to the set value	Check the load and the underload warning points
The hydraulic probe is damaged and failure	E037	The hydraulic probe is damaged	Replace the hydraulic probe
PV backlink failure	E038	PV wiring error	Replace the PV positive and negative terminal for rewiring
PV overcurrent	E039	Acceleration and deceleration are too fast; Frequency inverter power is too small; Load mutation or abnormality; Short circuit to ground.。	Increase the acceleration and deceleration time; Choose the frequency inverter with a large power level; Check the load for short circuit (short to ground or between lines) or plugging
PV overvoltage	E040	The panel input voltage is too high; The 4T model was set to other models.	Reduce the number of panels connected in series; Test the model, and reset it.
PV undervoltage	E041	Panel series power is too low or rainy weather; Motor starting current is too large.	



With the boost module 422, acommunicati on failure	E042	Poor contact of the communication line	Check the 4 communication lines ensuring a reliable connection 422 to ensure a reliable connection
Bus overvoltage is detected on the boost side	E043	The sun's light changes dramatically	Adjust the boost PI parameters and increase the parameters H19.07 and H19.08 appropriately.
Light weak warning	A-LS	The sun is weak, or it has too few panels	After the light intensity, the device will automatically run, and the user need not ignore; Please check the panel configuration.
Adue warning	A-LL	Water is empty in the pool	Check the pumping pool
Full water warning	A-tF		If the user sets the water full alarm function and the water full warning reaches a certain time, the device will automatically stop without the user; Otherwise, please check whether the terminal has miswiring.
Water air warning	A-tL	Water is empty in the pool	If the user sets the water air alarm function and the water air warning reaches a certain time, the equipment will automatically stop without the user; otherwise, please check whether the terminal has miswiring.
System off the electricity	oFF	System power failure or bus voltage is too low	Check the power grid environment
The keyboard failed to communicate with the master board	Empty display	The keyboard is not connected properly	Check the installation environment for the keyboard



## Appendix A: Modbus-RTU communication protocol

### •RTU frame format:

Frame-head, START	A 3.5-character time
Deliver the machine address to the ADR	Address: 1~247
Command code CMD	03: Read the slave parameters; 06:Write the slave parameters
Data Content DATA (N-1)	Data content: functional code parameter
Data Content DATA (N-2)	address, number of functional code
	parameters,
Data content, DATA 0	functional code parameter value, etc.
CRC CHK High level	Test value: CRC value.
CRC CHK Low level	Test value: CRC value.
END	A 3.5-character time

• CMD (command instruction) and DATA (description of data words)

Command code: 03H, read N words (Word) (up to 12 words)

For example, read the function code parameters H 00.04 and H 00.05, from the starting address 0004H of the frequency inverter of 01H

Host command information

START	T1-T2-T3-T4(3.5 bytes of transfer time)
ADR	01H
CMD	03Н
Start to address the high bit	00Н
Start and the address low bit	04Н
High number of registers	00Н
Low number of registers	02Н
CRC CHK (low-order)	85H
CRC CHK (high-order)	САН
END	T1-T2-T3-T4(3.5 bytes of transfer time)

The slave response message

START	T1-T2-T3-T4(3.5 bytes of transfer time)
ADR	O1H
CMD	03Н
Number of bytes	04Н
Data HOO.04H high bit	13H
Data HOO.04H low bit	88H
Data HOO.05H high bit	ООН
Data HOO.05H low bit	ООН
CRC CHK low bit	7EH
CRC CHK high bit	9DH
END	T1-T2-T3-T4(3.5 bytes of transfer time)

Command code: 06H, write one word (Word)

For example, set HOO. 04 to 50.00Hz, and write 5000 (1388H) to the 0004H address of the slave address 02H inverter



#### Host command information

	•
START	T1-T2-T3-T4(3.5 bytes of transfer time)
ADR	02Н
CMD	06Н
Data address high bit	00Н
Data address low bit	04H
Data content high bit	13Н
Data content low bit	88H
CRC CHK low bit	С5Н
CRC CHK high bit	6ЕН
END	T1-T2-T3-T4(3.5 bytes of transfer time)

#### The slave response message

START	T1-T2-T3-T4(3.5 bytes of transfer time)
ADR	02H
CMD	06H
Data address high bit	00Н
Data address low bit	04H
Data content high bit	13H
Data content low bit	88H
CRC CHK low bit	C5H
CRC CHK high bit	6EH
END	T1-T2-T3-T4(3.5 bytes of transfer time)

• Address definition of the communication parameters

With function code group number and number:

High byte: 00°FF, high byte is the group number before the function code point number, but to be converted into hexadecimal

Low byte: 00°FF, status byte is the number after the function code point number, but to be converted into hexadecimal

For example: if the range function code H10.12, the access address of the function code is  $0x \ OA \ OC$ ;

Note: because EEPROM is frequently stored, will reduce the service life of EEPROM, so, some function codes in the communication mode, no need to store, as long as the value in the RAM is changed, only need to change the corresponding function code address from 0 to 1 can be achieved, such as function code H 03.12 is not stored in EEPROM, the address is 830C;

The function code H 24.12 is not stored in EEPROM and the address is 980C. The low decimal 12 is converted to hexadecimal to 0C, the high 24 is converted to hexadecimal to 18, not stored to EEPROM, the highest level is changed from 0 to 1, which is  $16 \times 18 + 80$ , and hexadecimal 98, the total address is 980C.



Function description	Address definition	Description	R/W characte ristic
		0001H: Forward turn operation	
		0002H: Reverse run	
		0003H: Positive turn-point movement	
		0004H: Reverse point movement	
Communication	2000Н		R/W
control order		0005H: Stop	
		0006H: Free shutdown	
		0007H: Fault reset	
		0008H: The point action stops	
	2001H	Communication setting frequency (0 Fmax (unit: 0.01Hz))	R/W
	2002Н	PID given, range (0~1000,1000 corresponds to 100.0%)	R/W
	2003Н	PID feedback, range (0~1000,1000 corresponding to 100.0%)	R/W
	2004Н	Torque setting value (-3000~3000, 1000 corresponding to 100.0% of motor	R/W
	2005Н	rated current) Positive setting (0 to Fmax (in 0.01Hz))	R/W
	2006Н	Reverse the upper limit frequency setting value (0-Fmax (in 0.01Hz))	R/W
Communication	2007Н	Electric torque upper torque limit (0~3000, 1000 corresponding to 100.0%	R/W
setting address		frequency inverter motor current)	
	2008H	Upper brake torque torque (0~3000, 1000 for 100.0% motor rated current)	R/W
		Special control command word: Bit0 ~ 1:=00: motor1 =01: motor2=10: motor3 =11: motor 4	
	000011	Bit 2: =1, Torque control =0: Speed control	D /W
	2009Н	Bit 3: =1 power consumption zero =0: Power consumption is not zero	R/W
		Bit 4: =1 Pre-excitation enable =0:pre-excitation is prohibited	
	200AH	Bit 5: -1 DC brake enable -0: DC brake is prohibited  Virtual input terminal command, range: 0x000-0x1FF	R/W
	200HH	Virtual output terminal command, ranging from 0x00 to 0x0F	R/W
Communication		Voltage setting value (V / F separation) (0~1000, 1000 100.0% motor rated	
setpoint address	200СН	voltage)	R/W
	200DH	A0 output setting 1 (-1000~1000, 1000 corresponds to 100.0%)	R/W
	200ЕН	A0 output setting 2 (-1000~1000, 1000 corresponds to 100.0%) 0001H: Forward is in operation	R/W
		0002H: Reverse operation	
Frequency	2100Н	0003H: In the frequency inverter shutdown	
transformer State word 1		0004H: In the frequency inverter failure	R
word 1		0005H: The POFF status of the frequency inverter	
		0006H: Pre-excitation state of the frequency inverter  Bit 0: =0: Ready to run dimension ready=1: ready to run	
		Bit 1 $^{\circ}$ 2: =00: Motor 1 =01: Motor 2=10: Motor 3 =11: motor 4	
Frequency		Bit 3: =0: Asynchronous =1:, Synchronous	n
transformer State word 2	2101Н	Bit 4: =0: =1:0verload warning alarm	R
		Bit 5 ~ Bit 6: =00:Keyboard control =01: Terminal control =10:	
Frequency		Communication control	
transformer Fault	2102Н	See the fault type description	R
code			
Running frequency	3000H	Setting range: 0.00Hz~H00.03	R
Set the frequency Busbar voltage	3001H 3002H	Setting range: 0.00Hz-H00.03  Setting range: 0~1200V	R R
Output voltage	3002H	Setting range: 0~1200V	R
Output current	3004H	Setting range: 0.0-5000.0A	R
Running speed	3005Н	Setting range: 0~65535RPM	R
Output power	3006H	Setting range: -300.0~300.0%	R
output torque	3007Н	Setting range: 0~65535RPM	R
Closed loop setting	3008H	Setting range: -100.0%~100.0%	R
Closed loop	3009Н	Setting range: -100.0%∼100.0%	R
feedback Enter the IO state	300AH	Setting range: 0000~00FF	R
Output the IO			
status	300BH	Setting range: 0000~00FF	R



Analog quantity input 1	300CH	Setting range: 0.00~10.00V	R
Analog quantity input 2	300DH	Setting range: 0.00~10.00V	R
Analog quantity input 3	300ЕН	Setting range: -10.00V~10.00V	R
Analog quantity input 4	300FH	Continue to have	R
Read the high-speed pulse-1 input	3010Н	Setting range: 0.00~50.00kHz	R
Read the high-speed pulse-2 input	3011Н	Continue to have	R
Read the number of multipl esegments	3012Н	Setting range: 0~15	R
External length value	3013Н	Setting range: 0~65535	R
External gauge value	3014Н	Setting range: 0-65535	R
Torque setting value	3015Н	Setting range: 0~65535	R
Fault code	5000H		R

Error message response:

In the communication control, there will inevitably be operation errors. For example, some parameters can only be read or written, and the result of a writing instruction is sent, then the inverter will send back an error message response message.

When the exception information is responded to the host, the highest position of the command word logic 1 on the basis of the command word, such as 03H read command, the exception response is 83H, and the write command 06H exception response is 86H.

Example: write H00.01, parameter address to 0001H set to 03 (but H00.01, set range to  $0^2$ )

01 06 00 01 00 03 98 0B

Beyond the setting range of the H 00.01 parameter value, the inverter response error message is as follows: 01 86 04 43 A3, where 01H is the native address, 86H is the exception response code, 04H is the error code, and 43 A3 is the CRC check.



The error message response is sent to the host machine, and its code and meaning are shown below:

Code	Name	Meaning
01Н	illegal command	When the command code received from the upper computer is not allowed, perhaps because the function code is only applicable to the new device and is not implemented in this device; the request may also be processed in the wrong state.
02Н	Illegal data address	For the inverter, the host request data address is an undesirable address; in particular, the combination of the register address and the number of bytes transmitted is invalid.
03Н	illegal Data value	When the received data domain contains unallowed values. This value indicates an error on the remaining structure in the combined request. Note: it does not mean that the data item in the register has a value that the application expects.
04H	Operation failed	The parameter is not set in the parameter write operation, such as the function input terminal cannot be repeated.
05Н	Wrong password	The password written by the password verification address is different from that set by the HO7.00 user
06Н	Data Frame error	When the frame information sent by the upper computer, the length of the data frame is incorrect or the RTU format CRC, the calibration bit is different from the calibration calculation number of the lower computer.
07Н	Parameter For reading only	The parameter changed in the host write operation is a read only parameter
08Н	Parameter running Can't change	The parameters changed in the upper computer write operation are the parameters that are not changed in the run
09Н	Password protection	When the upper computer reads or writes, when the user password is set, and the password lock is not unlocked, and the notification system is locked.



# Appendix B Recommends the solar module configuration

B.1 Battery module configuration is recommended for solar water pump inverter

	Solar cell module open circuit voltage level					
Solar water pump frequency inverter model		37±1V	45±1V			
	Component power ± 5 Wp	Number of components per string * Number of group strings	Component power ± 5 Wp	Number of components per string * Number of group strings		
H630-2SS0. 4G-PV	250	11*1	300	9*1		
H630-2SS0. 75G-PV	250	11*1	300	9*1		
H630-2SS1.5G-PV	250	11*1	300	9*1		
H630-2SS2. 2G-PV	250	11*1	300	9*1		
H630-2S0. 4G-PV	250	11*1	300	9*1		
H630-2S0. 75G-PV	250	11*1	300	9*1		
H630-2S1.5G-PV	250	11*1	300	9*1		
H630-2S2. 2G-PV	250	11*1	300	9*1		
H630-2T4. 0G-PV	250	11*2	300	9*2		
H630-2T5. 5G-PV	250	11*3	300	9*3		
H630-2T7. 5G-PV	250	11*4	300	9*4		
H630-4T0. 75G-PV	250	18*1	300	15*1		
H630-4T1.5G-PV	250	18*1	300	15*1		
H630-4T2. 2G-PV	250	18*1	300	15*1		
H630-4T4. OG-PV	250	20*1	300	16*1		
H630-4T5. 5G-PV	250	18*2	300	15*2		
H630-4T7. 5G-PV	250	18*2	300	15*2		
H630-4T11G-PV	250	18*3	300	15*3		
H630-4T15G-PV	250	18*4	300	15*4		
H630-4T18.5G-PV	250	18*5	300	15*5		
H630-4T22G-PV	250	18*6	300	15*6		
H630-4T30G-PV	250	18*8	300	15*8		
H630-4T37G-PV	250	18*9	300	15*9		
H630-4T45G-PV	250	18*11	300	15*11		
H630-4T55G-PV	250	18*14	300	15*14		
H630-4T75G-PV	250	18*19	300	15*19		
H630-4T90-PV	250	18*22	300	15*22		
H630-4T110G-PV	250	18*27	300	15*27		
H630-4T132G-PV	250	18*38	300	15*38		
H630-4T160G-PV	250	18*46	300	15*46		
H630-4T185G-PV	250	18*53	300	15*53		
H630-4T200G-PV	250	18*57	300	15*57		



## $\hbox{$\tt B.2$ Recommended configuration of battery components for the optional boost module}\\$

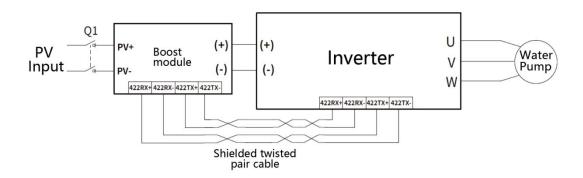
Boost module PP630-3.2KW -PV	Solar cell module open circuit voltage level				
+ solar water pump frequency inverter model	Component power ±5 Wp	7±1V  Number of components per string * Number of group strings	Component power ±5 Wp	Number of components per string * Number of group strings	(A)
H630-2SS0. 4G-PV	250	4*1	300	3*1	12
H630-2SS0. 75G-PV	250	5*1	300	4*1	12
H630-2SS1.5G-PV	250	8*1	300	7*1	12
H630-2S0. 4G-PV	250	4*1	300	3*1	12
H630-2S0.75G-PV	250	5*1	300	4*1	12
H630-2S1.5G-PV	250	8*1	300	7*1	12
H630-2S2. 2G-PV	250	13*1	300	11*1	12
H630-4T0. 75G-PV	250	5*1	300	4*1	12
H630-4T1.5G-PV	250	8*1	300	7*1	12
H630-4T2. 2G-PV	250	13*1	300	11*1	12



## Appendix C Boost module PP630-3.2Kw-PV

The water pump inverter below 2.2KW (inclusive) supports the optional boost module (PP630-3.2KW-PV) to improve the utilization rate of photovoltaic cell components. The wiring method is shown in the figure below:

- 1. The PV + and PV of the boost module-connect with the positive and negative input of the photovoltaic cell module;
- 2. Output of the booster module (+), (-) input of the connecting water pump inverter (+), (-);
- 3. The 422 communication receiving end of the boost module RX 422 communication sending terminal TX of the water pump inverter and the 422 communication sending end of the boost module TX 422 communication receiving terminal RX of the communication receiving terminal of the water pump inverter are connected by two sets of twisted pair wires;
- 4. After checking that the wiring is correct, close the DC side circuit breaker Q 1 and can run automatically.



Product specification index of the booster module:

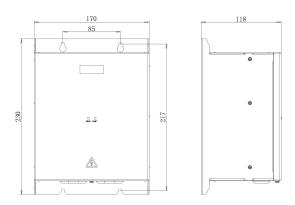
Mode1	PP630-3. 2KW-PV			
Input side				
Maximum input power (W)	3200			
Maximum DC voltage (V)	600			
Start-up voltage (V)	80			
Minimum operating voltage (V)	70			
Maximum input current (A)	12			
Outlet side				
Output voltage (V)	220V frequency inverter: 350,380V frequency inverter: 570			



## Status indicator light description:

Display status	Explain		
The green light flashing	The boost module has been powered up, and the control circuit is working		
The Green light is always on	The boost module is running		
The red light is on	Failure of booster module		

The installation size of the booster module is as follows:





## **Warranty protocol**

- 1. The warranty period of this product is 18 months (subject to the bar code information of the fuselage). During the warranty period, if the product is faulty or damaged according to the instruction manual, our company is responsible for free repair.
- 2. During the warranty period, if the damage is caused by the following reasons, a certain maintenance fee shall be charged;
- A. Damage caused by errors in use and unauthorized repair and transformation;
- B. Product damage caused by force majeure reasons such as earthquake, fire, geomantic disaster, lightning strike, abnormal voltage or other natural disasters, as well
- as various human factors;
- C. Hardware damage caused by artificial fall and transportation after purchase;
- D. Damage caused by not following the user manual provided by our company;
- E. Failure and damage caused by obstacles other than the machine (such as external equipment factors);
- F. Tear up the product identification without authorization (e.g.: nameplate).
- 3. When the product fails or damages, please fill in the contents of the Product Warranty Card correctly and in detail.
- 4. The maintenance fee shall be charged in accordance with the newly adjusted Maintenance Price List of our company.
- 5. This warranty card will not be reissued under general circumstances, please be sure to keep this card, and the product will be presented to the maintenance personnel during the warranty.
- 6. If you have any problem during the service process, please contact our agent or our company in time.
- 7. The Company has the right to interpret the Agreement.



Customer care center